U.N. seeks to revive Gulf talks

UNITED NATIONS (R) — The U.N.'s special envoy for the Golf will hold preparatory talks with representatives of Iran and Iraq Wednesday and Inacolay in Geneva, a U.N. spokesman and Monday. The envolved Ambassador Jan Eliasson of Sweden, will hold what the spokesman called "meterings of a technical nature" to key the groundwork for talks Secretary General Javier Perez de Caellar will have with the foreign ministers of the two countries. Prevz de Caellar will have with the Iranian and Iraqi General Javier Perez de Caellar will have with the fereign ministers of the two countries. Perez de Cuellar's meetings with the Iranian and Iraqi foreign ministers will take place at the Non-Aligned Movement's summit in Belgrade in early September, the spokesman added. Although a ceasefire went into force in the Iran-Iraq war on Ang. 20, 1988, several meetings between the secretary general and the two foreign ministers have falled to make progress in transforming it into a full-fledged peace settlement. Iran pockets of Iranian territory while Iraq wants priority given to clearing the Shatt Al Arab waterway, its main outlet to the Galf.

An independent Arab solitical daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تايمز بومية سياسية تصبر بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة المُتَعَجَّفِية الاردنية والراي،

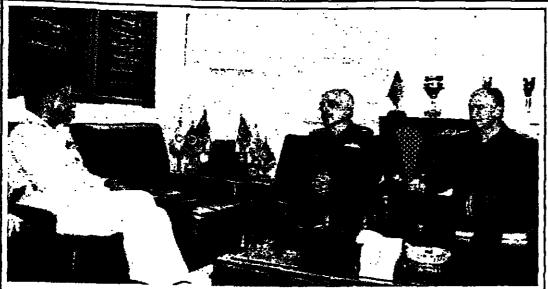
Walesa assails Communists

GDANSK (R) — Solidarity leader Lech Waters accused Poland's Communist Party Monday of blackmail by threatening to refuse to cooperate with the union over the formation of a government. "Poland needs reforms. Only work on the concrete shape of these reforms gives credibility to the political forces active in our country. No one will achieve that through a policy of threats and blackmail." Walesa said in a statement. Walesa said he was appealing to the Communists to drop their threat to refuse to share responsibility for Poland's political future if they were not given a significant role in a Solidarity-led government. Earlier, be told reporters: "If the party does not draw proper conclusions, and so far it has not, then it will have no chances whatsoever in the future. It should stop rocking the boat and start doing its job." The Communist Party's policy-making Central Committee made the threat in a resolution passed Saturday, the same day that President Wojciech Jaruzelski asked Solidarity newspaper editor Tadeusz Mazowiecki to form a government. (Strikes plague Poland, page 8)

Volume 14 Number 4167

AMMAN TUESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1989, MUHARRAM 28,

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence



King meets Pakistani chief of staff

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein, the supreme commander of the Jordanian Armed Forces, Monday received Pakistani Chief of Staff General Mirza Aslam Bek, who is currently paying a visit to Jordan. Present at the meeting were Armed Forces Chief of Staff General Fathi Abu Taleb, the Pakistani ambassador in Amman, and members of a delegation accompanying Bek. Also Monday, the King visited the Fourth Mechanised Royal Division where he was briefed

on the various activities and training exercises of

Meanwhile, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Monday accompanied General Bek on a visit to the Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST). The guest expressed admiration at the standard JUST attained. The Pakistani official also visited the Fourth and the 12th Royal Mechanised Divisions and was briefed on their

Aoun offers talks amid reports of French plan

BEIRUT (AP) — Army commander Michel Aoun offered Monday to hold talks on ending Lebanon's 14-year-old civil war.

"I am ready any time to discuss Lebanon's future at a round table with leaders of the other side," Aoun said in an interview published by the Paris-based Arabic magazine Koll Al-Arab. His press office confirmed it was

Aoun made no mention of his previous condition that negotiations on political reforms could not be held until Syria pulled its 40,000 troops out of Lebanon.

Walid Junblatt's Progressive Socialist Party (PSP) rejected the offer, saying it was a "trick to allow Aoun a breathing spell to rearm and re-marshal his forces."

A PSP statement said Aoun would never be accepted as a negotiator and asserted that a Muslim-Christian dialogue "can begin only after the butcher is overthrown and brought to trial

for his crimes." The statement also condemned the arrival of French warships off Lebanon, accusing President François Mitterand's government with seeking "to kindle a new

crusaders' war in Lebanon." Aoun's offer was broadcast by all Beirut radio stations as his 20,000 troops exchanged sporadic artillery and tank fire with the Syrians and their allies across the city's dividing green line and in

the hills above the capital. No casualties were reported. By police count, 784 people have been killed and 2,126 wounded since the confrontation erupted March 8.

A slackening in hostilities since the U.N. Security Council called for a ceasefire last Wednesday

Rafsanjani

names his

NICOSIA (AP) — After ousting some heavyweight hardliners

opposed to his policies from his

proposed cabinet, Iran's Presi-

dent Hashemi Rafsanjani Mon-

day appointed a French-trained,

former justice minister as his vice

Tehran Radio, monitored in Nicosia, said that Rafsanjani

appointed the 52-year-old Hassan

Habibi as his first vice-president.

Habibi is among a handful of Western-oriented officials band-

picked by Rafsanjani to help re-build the country's sluggish eco-

Rafsanjani Monday also

appointed a former deputy prime

minister, Ataollah Mohajerani,

vice-president for judicial and

Rafsanjani, who won a land-

slide victory in presidential elec-

tions last month, is believed to

want to moderate the revolution-

ary fervor kept at a high pitch by

the late Ayatollah Ruhollah

parliamentary affairs.

deputy

president.

ļ.

few hours.

traffic jammed the city's main and Corniche-Mazraa. The money market reopened and banks were operating for the first time in 10 days.

GMT), shutters were slammed down lowered and long convoys of cars were heading back to the safety of South Lebanon. Barely 200,000 out of Beirut's

1.5 million population are still living in the city. Most of the remainder fled during heavy bombardments of residential districts earlier this month.

Beirut and in north Lebanon pounded the coast around the port of Byblos with 100 shells and rockets overnight to turn back

and pedestrians crowded the streets of both east and west Beirut after a weekend lull in fighting.

French proposal

France has proposed a security plan as a first step in a political campaign to end the war in Lebanon, political sources said Monday.

They told Reuters the plan stipulates the withdrawal of Syrian troops and Lebanese armed groups from Beirut, outlying towns and villages 20 kilometres away from the capital.

of the divided Lebanese army deploy in Beirut and its surroundings, which include a coastal stretch to the south, villages in the southeast and towns in the

Many stores were open and commercial districts of Hamra

But by early afternoon (1100

Police said gunners in west three ships.

Shops reopened and motorists

The proposal suggests brigades

brought the city back to life for a north and northeast. The sources said the boundaries of the area in question were still blurry.

The proposal was made by French envoy Alain Decaux who visited Lebanon for 24 hours last week to hold discussions with the warring factions.

Decaux proposed that representatives of Aoun, and allied militias and other groups ranged against them meet at a venue to be decided later to discuss their differences. The sources said the French

security plan proposes that observers, whose nationality was not specified, be positioned around the army-held area, at national institutions like the central bank

and at ports of entry.
The observers would also deploy along the green line battle zone and in strategic hills around

The sources did not say if Paris' plan was discussed with Damascus which has some 33,000 troops in Lebanon.

Meanwhile the spiritual leader of pro-Iranian militants warned Monday that French intervention in Lebanon's war would be dis-

"To intervene with one Lebanese party against another will lead to disastrous results, said Sheikh Mohammad Hussein Fadlallah, spiritual mentor of the Shi'ite Muslim Hizbollah group.

"France is trying to give mora support to a Lebanese party." Fadiallah told Visnews television news agency, referring to Aoun.

A French aircraft carrier, a frigate and a hospital ship sailed Saturday for the Lebanese coast to join three navy ships already

Sudan peace moves make little progress ADDIS ABABA (AP) -- Peace

talks between Sudan's new military government and Sudanese rebels broke off after an acrimonious two days with the two sides agreeing only on the need for further talks, a rebel source said Monday.
"It means a continuation of the

war," said the rebel, a member of the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) delegation to the talks. "Unless they change their policies, I don't think we can work together."

The talks, which began Saturday night and ended Sunday evening, were the first between the SPLA and Sudan's new government of general Omar Hassan Al Bashir, who seized power in a coup June 30.

In a brief statement after the meeting broke up, the delegations described the talks as "frank and serious" and said the two parties had agreed to meet again

at an as yet undetermined date. Sudan's new leader took control of the huge, impoverished country saying one of his first priorities was to find a peaceful

However, the rebel source said the talks resulted in a stalemate with the government side refusing to consider any of the rebels standing demands -- a lifting of the state of emergency, abrogation of military pacts with Egypt and Libya and the suspension of Sudan's Islamic penal code.

The rebels also refused to consider the government's requests, which included a ceasefire and halting its negative propaganda. "We discussed the issues one-

by-one," said the SPLA source. There was no common ground." He said the government, which has declared a unilateral ceasefire

that lasts through August, asked the rebels to agree to a jointly declared ceasefire, but the SPLA

"Without any common ground, it was irrelevant," said the rebel source. "One of their arguments was that a ceasefire was needed for the corridors of relief. We said there already are corridors and we don't need a cease-

Arafat reopens PNF office in Amman

Qasem reaffirms Jordan's commitment to Palestinians

By Suhair Obeidat Jordan Times Staff Reporter with agency dispatches

AMMAN — Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat Monday reopened the offices of the Palestine National Fund (PNF) amidst the cheering of hundreds of jubilant people, marking the return to the Jordanian capital of a key Palestinian institution after a three-year

In a short speech which he delivered at the opening cere-mony, Arafat thanked His Majesty King Hussein for allowing the PNF to reopen its Amman offices. "This event is a tangible evidence of the strategic relations between Jordan and Palestine, and of the support that Jordan, through the leadership of His Majesty, extends to the Palesti-

nian people," he said.

Addressing the Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza, Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and president of the State of Palestine, vowed continued support for the 21-month uprising against Israeli occupa-

"I declare to the people of the intifada that we are with you and will proceed together until the Palestinian flag flutters over Jerusalem, the capital of the State of Palestine," Arafat told the cheering crowd. Later in the day, Deputy Prime

Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem and PLO Ex-

Mahmoud Abbas co-chaired a meeting of the Joint Jordanian-Palestinian committee to Support the Steadfastness of the Palestinian People living in the occupied territories. The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said the discussions dealt with the living conditions of the Palestinians in the occupied territories and means to

ease their suffering.

Qasem reaffirmed Jordan's support for the efforts of the PLO on the international level aiming at securing the national legitimate rights through participation in the peace process, Petra said. He also underlined the successes achieved by the PLO since Jordan's decision last year to sever legal and administrative ties with the West Bank, the agency added.

Qasem also renewed Jordan's commitment to offer all forms of support to the Palestinian people in their struggle to regain their rights, Petra said.

The Jordanian side to the meeting included Minister of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat, Minister of State for Prime Ministry Affairs Ibrahim Izzeddine, Foreign Ministry Secretary General Mo'tasem Bilbeisi and acting head of the Department of Palestinian Affairs Osama Tahboub. The Palestinian side included PLO Executive Committee members Abdul Razak Al Yahya, Mohammad Milhem, Abdul Rahim Ahmad and Abdullah Hourani.

The reopening of the PNF office in Amman was one of the ecutive Committee member highlights of Arafat's current visit

to Jordan. The PLO chairman the PNF back to Amman would Hussein, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker shortly after his arrival here from

Baghdad Sunday.

Monday's PNF opening ceremony, which coincided with the 21st anniversary of an arson attempt at Al Aqsa Mosque in occupied Jerusalem, came amid PLO moves to help the Jordanian economy. A Palestinian source quoted by the Associated Press last week said that Arafat had ordered the Palestinians living in the occupied territories to shun the Israeli shekel and use the Jordanian dinar in all their dealings in a bid to boost the King-

dom's currency.
In addition, the functioning of the PNF in Amman is also expected to be a contribution to Jordan's efforts at addressing its economic situation, according to

PNF Director Jaweed Al Ghussein, also a member of the PLO Executive Committee, told reporters at Monday's ceremony that the 1989 budget of the fund. the central body that controls all PLO finances, totalled \$274 mil-"The fund would reflect posi-

tion between Jordan and the PLO, although the PLO's budget constitutes a small part of the Jordanian economy," he said.

tively on the economic coopera-

Palestinian officials quoted by different news agencies also voiced hope that the moving of

was received by His Majesty King reflect positively on the Jordanian economy According to a Palestinian

source quoted by the AP. Arafat. during his meeting with the King Sunday, had requested Jordan to abolish a restriction imposed last year on the issuance of Jordanian passports to Palestinians living in the occupied territories. The restriction, which followed Jordan's severance of formal links with the West Bank, limited the validity of the passport to two years while the regular duration is five years. There was no immediate official government comment on the re-

Arafat chaired a closed meeting Monday with the PLO Executive Committee members to discuss the structural organisation of the PNF and how it would function to channel funds to the Palestinians living in the occupied land, informed sources said.

The PLO chairman also met with members of the Palestine National Council (PNC) living in Amman. No immediate details were available on the talks, but it was expected that the PLO chairman would brief them on the outcome of a general congress the mainstream PLO faction Fateh held in Tunis earlier this month.

Meanwhile, a close advisor to Arafat was quoted as saying that the PLO would be willing to negotiate economic ties with Israel once the Zionist state agreed to the establishment of an independent Palestinian state.

the right of the Palestinians to set up a state is approved." Bassam Abu Sharif was quoted as saying by Kuwait's Al Anhau newspaper. "For example... the Palestinians want a passageway between

the West Bank and the Gaza

Strip," said Abu Sharif, "We have 200,000 Palestinians now working in Israel. Does any sane person believe Israel will give up these workers so easily? Abu Sharif said moves to set up

a Palestinian state, proclaimed last year by the PNC, were in the final stage. "But the final stage is often among the hardest." he added Abu Shanf said he foresaw steps before the end of the year to prepare for the holding of a Mid-

dle East peace conference, but that the conference would not be held this year or next. He added that Japan had invited Arafat to go to Tokyo, but gave no date for the visit.

In the occupied territories, a Palestinian activist who discussed an Israeli plan for Palestinian elections with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir said Monday any future talks must be through the PLO. West Bank lawver Jamil Tarifi

confirmed last month that he had Asked if he would meet Shamir

again, Tarifi, 42, told Reuters: 'No. I did not have anything to talk with him about and I think if he really want to talk about the peace, he knows very well the address. He can go to the PLO

Israelis posing as tourists kill boy in Bethlehem

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM suffered gunshot wounds, hospit-(Agencies) — Bethlehem Mayor al officials said. Elias Freij said Monday he has filed a complaint with the Israeli officers disguised as tourists.

Freij said in a telephone interview that "this is a very serious incident, and I think the (occupation power) is required to give an explanation '

The action, he said, could have chilling effect on tourism in the Holy Land, which already has been badly affected by the 20month uprising.

"As Arabs, we welcome tourists," Freij said. "It is our national duty to provide them with the best services. But when elements with guns try to disguise themselves as tourists and kill people, it could create suspicion among the Arab community over who is genuine tourist.

An army spokeswoman declined comment on the allegation that Israeli forces posed as tour-

Meanwhile, both the Israelioccupied West Bank and Gaza Strip were shut down by a general strike called to protest an arson attempt on the Al Aqsa Mosque two decades ago.

Shops and schools were closed. and public and private transportation stopped, according to Arab reports.

The mosque, Islam's third holiest site, was set ablaze on Aug. 21, 1969, by an Australian who later was judged insane and de-ported to Australia. Experts have spent years restoring the shrine, and the work is still incomplete.

Clashes erupted Monday beween soldiers and stone-throwing Palestinians in the Tulkarem refugee camp, and three children

There were conflicting reports on the incident Saturday in Beththe pilgrimage centre by Israeli the traditional location of Jesus'

An officer in the army spokesman's office said soldiers opened fire Saturday after they were attacked with stones and that four Palestinians were wounded

The officer said the army was unable to locate any body or to confirm reports that a Palestinian had died.

Freij said Bethlehem residents who witnessed the incident said two men and two women, wearing backpacks and carrying cameras, opened fire on demonstrators in the market, killing Radi Mahmoud Salah, 18. Doctors in Bethlehem confirmed that Salah was fatally shot

in the chest. Freij noted Israeli forces have disguised themselves in the past. in some cases by putting press signs on their cars, but that this was the first incident in which they pretended to be tourists.

Israeli military sources said on Monday a Palestinian-American teenager found dead in the West Bank had been shot at close range. The army denied it was responsible. The army and police exhumed

the body of Amjad Hussein Jib-reen, 14, after relatives said he was shot in the heart, his head was smashed and his body had cigarette burns. Palestinians blamed Israel for

was found by an Arab shepherd in the rocky hills outside the town on Ramaliah Friday. The military sources said the Israeli autopsy showed that Jib-

the death of Jibreen, whose body

reen had been shot at close range. apparently by a pistol, but there were no signs of torture.

The army said it had appointed occupation authorities over the lehem's central market, near the an investigating officer who dealleged killing of a Palestinian in Church of the Nativity that marks briefed soldiers, reconstructed events and studied the autopsy Officials of the U.S. consulate

in Jerusalem asked Israel to pro-

vide a report on Jibreen's death but said they had still not seen the findings of the army-ordered autopsy.

Jibreen's family petitioned Israel's supreme court Monday

calling on Israel to release the autopsy report and allow an independent autopsy before reburying the body. Relatives said a Scottish doc-

arrive later Monday to conduct an autopsy at a hospital Appeal to Hague court

tor, Derrick Pounder, was to

Eight Palestinians expelled by Israel for their alleged role in the uprising in the occupied territories said Monday they planned to appeal to the International Court of Justice at the Hague.

"We will complain to the International Court of Justice about Israel's decision to expel us from our homes. This is an illegal measure by the occupation forces," said Radwan Ziyadeh. "For us expulsion was more harmful than killing. We want to go back even if we are sent to

jail" he told Reuters. Ziyadeh, a member of a banned trade union in the West Bank, said he and the seven others would tour West European countries to rally support for their cause.

The eight, expelled to Lebanon in June, are among 55 Palestinians expelled by Israel since the uprising began in 1987.



THE body of Radi Mahmoud Hassan Salah is taken from a coffin and lowered into a grave in West Bank.

in two Azerbaijani cities ikes staged Protest st

MOSCOW (R) — Protest strikes have broken out in the Azerbaijani capital of Baku and in Sumgait, flash-point of last year's bloody ethnic fighting between Azeris and Armenians, the official Azerbaijani news agency said Monday.

A spokesman for the Azerinform agency said a number of light industrial enterprises were on strike but oil production and transport were working without interruption.

A member of the unofficial

Azerbaijani Popular Front, which

called the two-day warning strike,

said from Baku that some 60

factories had shut down, includ-

whether workers in the city's oil fields had joined the protest. "The strike is under way in Baku and Sumgait but it is too early to know whether oil production workers have joined in," said

He said it was too early to tell

ing two defence plants.

Nazim Ragimov of the Popular The protesters are demanding greater political and economic autonomy and continued Azerbaijani control over the disputed region of Nagorno-Karabakh, home to a large Armenian

population. "A number of enterprises, mostly light industry, are on strike," said the Azerinform spokesman. "At this time we don't have an exact count. But Ragimov said preliminary

figures from strike committee headquarters showed that roughly 100,000 workers at some 60 factories had downed tools. These included two defence industry plants, the country's largest air conditioner factory and

an equipment plant that supplies the oil fields of Baku and Tyumen in Siberia. Chemical factories in Sumgait were also on strike.

Baku and Sumgait were said to be calm with no reports of disorder. In February 1988, 32 people died in Sumgait in the worst-

Monday's strike follows rising tension in the southern republic A week of talks with local Communist Party officials failed to deter the Popular Front's call for cities. a republic-wide general strike.

planned for early September. On Saturday, demonstrators flooded Baku's central Lenin Square calling on local leaders to meet the Popular Front's demands after talks between the to represent the area's interests. two collapsed. It was the fifth big protest in recent weeks.

The movement demands an end to Moscow's direct control

known ethnic riots in Soviet his- over Nagorno-Karabakh, imposed last year after ethnic clashes between Azerbaijan and the neighbouring republic of and a warning strike last Monday. Armenia, and the lifting of a curfew and military presence in Baku and other Azerbaijani

The Popular Front is also seeking legal recognition, freedom for those they consider to be political prisoners and recall of the republic's deputies to the Supreme Soviet, who they say have failed

At least 100 people have died in Azerbaijan and Armenia in the past 18 months in conflict over



Egypt arrests suspected saboteurs

CAIRO (R) — Police have rounded up a group of Muslim militants suspected of plotting a coup in Egypt and sabotaging foreign interests, attorney-general Gamal Shoman said Sunday.

He said police arrested 41 people, and were hunting 16 others suspected of planning to topple President Hosni Mubarak and to attack the interests in Egypt of Iraq, Israel, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and the United States.

Shoman told a news conference that most of the suspects were trained in sabotage in Syria, Iran, Cyprus and India over the past

ANKARA (R) — Turkey is to seal off its border with Bulgaria

early Tuesday to stop the flood of

ethnic Turkish refugees, state-run

a.m. on Aug. 22 (2300 GMT

Tuesday), the radio quoted De-

puty Prime Minister and State Minister Ali Bozer as saying after

a three-hour cabinet meeting

Turks have entered Turkey from

More than 300,000 ethnic

which ended early Monday.

The border will be closed at 2

Turkish Radio said Monday.

Iranian-style revolution in Egypt with the intention of toppling the existing government, he said.

"Investigations that the prosecution carried out show that the organisation aimed at spreading Shiite thought with extremist leanings and aimed at carrying out aggressive actions against some American, Israeli, Saudi Arabian, Iraqi and Kuwaiti interests in Egypt like their embassies and airlines," the statement

He said the 57-member group was founded in 1986 by a Saudi Arabian identified as Mohammad

Bulgaria since May to escape

what they describe as Sofia's cam-

paign of religious and cultural

assimilation of its ethnic

erament had been notified of the

border closure through official

to heed our goodwill and huma-

nitarian call to negotiate a com-

prehensive emigration agree-

ment," he said in a statement also

Bozer said the Bulgarian gov-

"We invite Bulgaria once more

Turkey to close border with Bulgaria

They planned to launch an Hassan Ramadan who lives in lah Khomeini, Shoman said Damascus.

Shoman said the group comprised 52 Egyptians, four Saudis and one Iranian. The 41 detained Aug. 2 were Egyptians, mainly university professors, doctors or

Investigations were continuing and no formal charges had yet been made, he said.

One of the Egyptians, identified as Sayed Fahmi Shenawi, codenamed Abu Iman, went to Iran to join the medical team which treated the late Iranian supreme leader Ayatollah Ruhol-

carried by Turkish television.

"We reiterate that Turkey is

ready to accept all (ethnic Turks)

who may wish to come, provided

a comprehensive agreement is

Sofia has rejected Turkey's

calls for a pact to safeguard the property rights of the refugees

and the human rights of any of

the estimated 1.5 million ethnic

Turks who choose to stay in

Bulgaria.
"The officials of the (Turkish)

reached," he added.

"Investigations showed that Abu Iman visited Egypt often... to assign members to military and cultural training abroad aimed at creating unrest in Egypt and at preparing them to carry out an Islamic revolution similar to the Iranian revolution," the statement said.

It did not mention whether the alleged Shiite organisation had actually attempted any violent acts, but said explosives, hand grenades and other arms were found in possession of the defen-

border provinces have been advised of the decision," Bozer

was quoted as saying.
The bulk of the refugees have

been entering through the main

border crossing of Kapikule in

Edirne province and the smaller

checkpoint of Derekoy in Kirk-

Turkey last week stopped daily

runs of a Bulgarian train ferrying

the refugees on the grounds that

their belongings were not being

shipped simultaneously.

lareli province.



LIFE CONTINUES: A Lebanese child bends down to pick up his

stuffed toy in front of his devastated bedroom in west Beirut.

day in Gaza

By Jack Redden

OCCUPIED GAZA STRIP (R)

troops. Soon the soldiers are replying with teargas, bullets and rocks of their own.

ried to the nearby hospital. / Drivers with horns blaring made a frantic effort to escape

bourhood. As the streets emptied, the

shouted taunts. A rock ricocheted past an Israeli soldier forcing him to jump and drawing cheers from young Palestinians. Stones were coming from three directions at the Israeli soldiers. But across the street, now littered

kilometres to the north.

Gaza City.

Stones, tear-gas shots — normal

Reuter

- The temperature rises, Palestinian youths slip into alleys and the adversaries in the palestinian uprising begin a daily duel that often ends in death.

It starts with a single stone thrown at an Israeli post on a rooftop overlooking the Gaza City market beside the intersection bearing the now emotional name of Palestine Square.

More stones follow, slamming into the walls and roof above the

This battle in the occupied Gaza Strip was Sunday. But a virtually identical one took place in the square the day before. Everyone expected another one Monday.

passing through the square., A passenger, clutching his abdomen where the canister hit, was car-,

the square. Young men, often the same ones who throw the stones, jumped into the street to take charge of clearing the traffic. Teargas wafted across the neigh-

exchanges continued. Youths

with stones, Arab women continued to sell cheap clothes they had displayed on the pavement. Another barrage and the stonethrowing ended abruptly as two Israeli army trucks screamed into

the square. Troops spread out in search of the "shabab," a word which literally means young men but is now synonymous with the resistance to the 22-year-old Israeli occupa-

"They never find them," commented a smiling Palestinian. Occasional shots echoed down the street as the troops edged along the fronts of buildings.

The youths had melted into the maze of houses. But the tension and anger that fuelled them remained.

Gaza City is dirty, congested and visibly poor. The fronts of shops are coated in tar sprayed by the Israeli authorities months ago to obscure graffiti supporting the Palestinian uprising.

A teargas canister ripped A boy showed two spent car-through the windscreen of a car tridges from an Israeli M-16 automatic rifle he had just retrieved. "Look. Look what the Israelis

do to us," an old man selling fruit on a street leading off the square shouted at a foreign journalist.

Traffic reappeared in another block. But steel shutters again

clanged shut across shops and cars began to scatter in anticipation of fresh trouble. "It happens every day, some-

times several times a day," said a taxi driver, who agreed to drive to the Israeli frontier 10 At the Erez crossing point into

Israel, a group of army information officers sat in an air-conditioned hut. One had just phoned army headquarters in

"All is normal today," she

Jordan Times Telephone 667171/6

. 642367

CELEBRATION YEAR

ROMANIA IN GREAT

On 23 August 1989, the Romanian people celebrate 45 years since the victory of the anti-fascist and anti-imperialist revolution of social and national liberation. Throughout

this period, fundamental changes have taken place. While in the liberation year, Romania appeared as a poorly developed country, with a modest industry and rudimentary agriculture, with about 80% of the population working in agriculture. Now it is an industrial-agrarian country with a developed industry, strong and modern, and a socialist agriculture boasting great accomplishments.

Romanian industry currently turns out a production 135 times bigger than 45 years ago, the farm output rose over 10 times, and the national income grew more than 40 times. Great attention has been paid to the balanced development of the basic branches of the economy, the emplacement of the industry in all regions of the country. Currently, action is taken for the implementation of the provisions of the eighth five-year period (1986-1990) which will ensure Romania's passage to a new development stage — that of medium-developed socialist country. With this as a basis, estimates for the next five-year period and until the year 2000 are that the strategic target of full completion of the multilaterally developed socialist society should be attained.

By the end of this millenium, Romania will become a powerful country, developed in all points of view, a country which will ensure dignified living and working conditions for its people.

Starting from the fact that modern Romania is with the people and for the people and that, to this end, a broad democratic framework should be provided to secure the active participation of all social categories, of the whole nation in decision-making, in their implementation and in the country's development.

In social-economic development, account has been taken of the general objective laws and facts and conditions in Romania. The principles of self-management, selfadministration have been introduced in all sectors of activity. At a national level, new democratic bodies have been created such as, the Congress of working people in industry and other sectors, as well as the Congress of agriculture, which elect national councils with permanent activity in between congresses.

The Congress of Science and Education, the Congress of Culture are also national fora which also elect permanent managing bodies.

Today, in Romania, the state democratic bodies and the organism of worker democracy make a unitary whole, which ensures the broad participation of people in running the entire activity.

This provides for the people's direct participation in the country's democratic governing, in various forms, so as to meet the general interests of the entire nation, to continually raise its development level and the general standard of living.



JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

JORDAN TELEVISION PROGRAMME ONE Koran Programme review Children programmes Sea Hunt . News summary in Arabic 18:05 Local programme Agricultural programme News in Arabic Programme review Local programme News summary in Arabic PROGRAMME TWO Les Enlant du Rock News in French Douce France

News in Hebres 28:00 News in Arabic 20:30 Paul Daniel's Magie Show 21:10 Winner & Losers
22:00 News in English Act of Betrayal PRAYER TIMES

Dhuhr

CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Charch, Sweifich Tel. 810740 St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. 637440. De la Saile Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 685326. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 811295. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 815817, 821264 WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

Normal summer conditions will con-tinue to prevail and winds will be northwesterly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and

Jordan Valley 23 / 38

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 31, Aqaba 38. Humidity readings: Amman 36 per cent. Aqaba 39 per **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN: Dr. Suleittan Al Khayyat Dr. Basim Al Qaddoumi 646024 Fires pharmacy ... 778336 Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy . 623672 Al Salam pharmacy Yacoub pharmacy 636730 644945 IRBID: Dr. Amjad Obeidat

(985238)

ZARQA: Dr. Muleed Damra Khalifch pharmacy 985417 EMERGENCIES . Civil Defence Department . Civil Defence Immediate 630341

Civil Defence Emergency 199
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777
Fire Brigade 891228 Highway Police Public Security Department Water and Sewerage 897467 Amman Municipality Complaints **787**111 (directory assistance) Overseas Calls . 010230 Central Amman Telephone Water Authorin Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615

RJ Flight Information 08-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport 08-53200 HOSPITALS AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn ... 64241/2

Jabal Amman Maternity..

.. 664171/4 ... 845843 666127/37 .. 664164/6 .. 777101/3 Italian, Al-Muhaireea Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich . Army, Marka Queen Alia Hospital Ama) Hospital . ZARQA:
ZARQA:
Zarqa Govt. Hospital
Zarqa National Hospital
Ibu Sina Hospital IRBID: Princess Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA **INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

(Terminal 1)	-
95:36 Singapore, Kuala Lumpur (1 99:45 Abu Dhabi (1	2
10:15 Aqaba (1 10:20 Jeddah (1	R
10:36 Cairo (1 10:35 Dhahran (1	R
10:40	R
10:55 Doha, Bahrain (1 16:26 Miami, Vienna (1	R
16:45 Montreal, New York (1 18:15 Athens (1	Ì
19:15 Belgrade (19:40 Istanbul, Ankara (19:55 Copenhagen, Frankfurt (1	į
28940 Inpoh (1	ŧ
Other Flights (Terminal 2	1

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

UNESCO: PLO application premature

MADRID (R) - UNESCO Director-General Federico Mayor said in an interview published Sunday that Palestine's application for membership was premature and would not succeed. "I have told (Palestine Liberation Organisation Chairman Yasser) Arafat that his petition is premature and would not be successful in the conference," he told the Spanish daily El Pais. The PLO's application is to be discussed at UNESCO's general conference in application is to be discussed at o'recept and a supplication is to be discussed at o'recept and the PLO proclaimed an independent Palestine state last November and is seeking membership of several international organisations. UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation) has postponed a decision until the conference. The United States and most Western countries oppose PLO membership of U.N. agencies on the grounds that it is not a sovereign state under international law, although more than 70 countries recognise it. The United States, which left UNESCO is 1984 after accusing it of being corrupted by ideological interests, has said PLO membership would kill any chance of its return. Mayor said the U.S. return was crucial. "Instead of making more conditions for its return I would like (the United States) to reconsider its stance...," he said.

Israelis mourn end of 'Dynasty'

TEL AVIV (R) - Israelis mourned the end of "Dynasty" Sunday State-run television took off the air the American serial which captivated viewers with its conspicuous consumption amid power struggles in boardroom and bedroom, lastel television, citing cutbacks in broadcasting hours and a desire to diversify programming, said it was screening Dynasty for the last time Sunday night after running the serial for more than three years. Newspapers reported that more than 1,000 Dynasty fans wrote to the Israel broadcasting authority urging it to continue the serial about jet-setting oil tycoons. A survey published in the Yedioth Ahronoth newspaper said 78 per cent of Israeli viewers regularly watched the programme. The Jerusalem weekly Kol Hair devoted a column on its front page to bemoan the waste of 30,625,000 viewer-hours — a calculation based on an average of 250,000 viewers multiplied by 147 fifty-minute episodes.

Iran urges action against Afghan drug dealers

NICOSIA(R) - A senior Iranian anti-drug official called Sunday for a crackdown on Afghan traffickers, saying most smuggling rings active in Iran were Afghan-linked. To date, no attention has been paid to this issue for various reasons but the time has come to launch a struggle against them," the Iranian news agency IRNA quoted Mokhtar Kalantari as saying. About two million Afghan refugees live in Iran and have relatively easy access across poorly-tended borders to Pakistan and Afghanistan, origins of most of the drugs smuggled into Iran. "If we want to eradicate addiction we should concentrate on certain neighbouring countries... we would have less difficulties if narcotics were not produced in these countries," Kalantari said. Several Afghans have been among the 851 people executed in Iran this year on drug-trafficking charges.

Egyptair staff arrested in drug seizure

LAGOS (AP) - Police seized 61 kilogrammes of heroin and were questioning two employees of Egyptair in connection with the biggest drug seizure yet at Lagos' international airport, Nigerian newspapers reported. The newspapers said the two employees, both Nigerians, were identified as G. Adamu, whose first name was not available, and Nurudeen Lawal. The Lagos Concord said Adamu was Egyptair's Lagos airport manager and Lawal the air traffic clerk. The drugs were found in a box that was labelled as carrying umbrellas, and which arrived on a flight of UTA, the private French airline. The drugs reportedly had left India in April and travelled through Kuwait before arriving in Lagos. Lawal sought to clear the box through customs, the newspapers said. No other details were immediately available. Western drug enforcement agencies have identified Lagos as a major transit point for drug shipments from the Far East, and dozens of Nigerians have been arrested both in the United States and Europe. Nigeria is not September.

Begin to leave hospital soon

TEL AVIV (R) - Former Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin, admitted to hospital for fatigue last week, is regaining strength and will be released within the next few days. The reclusive Begin, who won the Nobel Peace Prize in 1978, entered Shaare Zedek medical centre near his house in occupied Jerusalem only days after celebrating his 76th birthday. Press officer Dvora Waysman told Reuters: "He is in very good health. The reason which caused him the weakness was a loss of sodium in his body. He looks as good as he did a few months ago, and he will be released within the next few days." Begin, prime minister from 1977 until his resignation in 1983, withdrew from public life without saying why. Some believe he was depressed over his wife Aliza's death or by Israeli casualties in Lebanon.

Irish relief worker expelled from Sudan

KHARTOUM (R) — Sudan has quietly expelled an Irish nurse working for the Dublin-based charity Concern, Western diplomatic sources said Monday. They said Brigid Quirke was served with an expulsion order last week and left Saturday. Another Concern worker, logistics officer Mark Cunningham, was informally asked by security authorities to leave the country, the sources added. Quirke served in the two of Al Muglad in south Kordofan province where Concern has for nearly two years been in charge of a camp housing about 15,000 south Sudanese war refugees. The diplomats did not know the reasons behind the government action which has not been reported in the Sudanese news media. Khartoum newspapers earlier this year accused Concern of helping rebel sympathisers hide arms near the Muglad camp. Khartoum-based Concern officials said the accusation was fabricated. The diplomats said Ireland's Cairo-based Ambassador Eamon O Tuathail visited Khartoum last week and tried to persuade the government to let the Concern workers stay. He returned to Cairo Saturday.

..... Riyadh (SV) Rome (AZ) Dubai (EK)

.... Zurich, Larmaca (SR

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

(Terroinal 1)

DEPARTURES

	1
I Innerflower	٠. ا
Upperlower price in fils per kg	- 1
Annals (Figures) 570 / 50	0 i
Apple (aciden) 570 / 50 Apple (Kashabi) 570 / 50 Apple (Kashabi) 550 / 30	9. [
Apple (red) 600 / 53	0 1
Banana 400 / 35	0: }
Banana (Mukammar) 350 / 30	0 {
Carrot	ادة
CHUCARE	~ ?
CHONE	ā
~BED-4411	. I
LIK LEUCELL	
FIR (CIBE) 1100 J DOL	: 1
Gartie 1030 / 907	! 1
Grapes 1000 / 900	, I

...... Kuwaid (add.) (KU)

MARKET PRICES

	30
11:45 Aqaba (RI)	Carrot
(1:49 Tripoli (RY)	
11:45 Belgrade (RJ)	Candidower
12:10 Athens (RI)	Corn 200 / 16
12:15 Vienna, New York (RI)	
12:45 Rome, Madrid (RJ)	Cucumbers (small)
12-45 Istanbul, Ankara (RI)	Epoplant
. 42:45 15(20) (K)	Eggptant 179 / 100 Fig (greets) 300 / 290
13:00 Geneva, London (RJ)	200 / 290 / 290 / 290
1.7.1.3 PART (27)	* V6.1 V1002) 7 (702) 7 (702)
13:30 Frankfurt, Brussels (RJ)	
19:00 Calcutta, New Delhi (RJ)	Grebes
28:39 Dametone (21)	- Crapes (16th 344) 364
20:40 Kuwait (RJ)	
20:45 Bahram, Doha (R.)	
21:96 Lamaca (RJ)	Lemon (green)
77-18 Coin (D.)	Marrow (large) 250 / 200
: 22-15 Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)	Marrow (small)
72-29 Punis Lummar Changes (10)	Marrow (small) 460 / 380
22:30 Knala Lumpur, Singapore (RI)	Olora 450 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 / 400 /
Athen Cinhts (Tambus) 10	Onion (400
Other Flights (Terminal 2)	Onion (dry) 200 / 160
15 Ar	" TENNES NEA I AA-
12-25 Kovek (KU) 14-65 Cairo (MS)	
14:65 : Cairo (MS)	
15:00 : Mosson /011)	Potato
18:40 Riyada (SV)	
18-55 Dubai (AZ) 28-09 Dubai (EK)	Tomatoes 150 / 100 Water Melon 180 / 80
28:00 Dubai (EK)	Water Melon



ACC praises King's efforts to serve Arabs



HM King Hussein

AMMAN (Petra) - His-Majesty King Hussein has re-ceived a cable from the ministers of Awqaf and Islamic affairs in the four member Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) countries, who met in Baghdad recently, expressing appreciation of the King's efforts in serving Arab and Islamic causes.

The ministers said in their cable that their departments will cooperate in confronting subversive movements and extremist ideologies that threaten the Arab and Islamic world.

Minister of Awgaf and isla-mic Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat, who returned here from Baghdad after attending the meeting, said that the ministers were involved in working out a joint strategy to deal with hostile extremist movements in the ACC coun-

Over a million students return to school today

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

QASSEM MEETS NEW FILIPINO ENVOY: Deputy Prime

Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qassem Monday received

a copy of the credentials from new Philippines Ambassador Pacifico

BADRAN VISITS ANIMAL HEALTH INSTITUTE: Minister of

Agriculture Dr. Adanan Badran Monday visited the Animal Health

Institute and stressed the need to have the Institute extend all

GUYS GIVES JD 7,100 TO TAFILEH SOCIETIES: The

General Union of Voluntary Societies in Tafileh Governorate has

donated JD 7,100 to charitable organisations in the governorate in

order to promote their contribution to developing the society. (Petra)

CULTURAL FESTIVAL: Women organisations in Jordan Monday

opened their first cultural and folklore festival at the Nuzha

Community Centre to orient the public on women's role in cultural

and social development in the Kingdom. The festival, which has been

organised in cooperation with Queen Alia Jordan Social Welfare

Fund (QAF) and other institutions, is also designed to orient

Jordanians on the women's organisations' programmes being con-

ducted through community centres in Jordan, and to invite further

participation from local women in activities intended to further the

women's standards in all levels, according to the organisers. They

said that the festival includes lectures on folklore and national

heritage, national and traditional costumes, the role of women to

EXCAVATIONS NEAR PETRA: A team of Yarmouk Universi-

ty's faculty of Anthropology and Archaeology has begun archaeological excavations at Al Basta near Petra in cooperation with the

Department of Antiquities and West Germany's University of

U.S. PILOTS TO TRAIN AT RJ: An American airline has

requested to train its pilots at a training centre set up by the Royal

Jordanian (RJ), the national airline in Amman, according to an RJ

statement released Saturday. The statement said that the airline has

asked that 340 flying hours should be assigned for the training programme which will employ simulators of Boeing 727 aircraft.

144 STUDENTS TO BE ACCEPTED IN SYRIA: The Ministry

of Higher Education here announced that 144 Jordanian students will

be accepted at Syrian universities in the coming 1989-1990 academic

year. The announcement was made following a meeting between Minister of Higher Education Dr. Kamal Sharaf and Jordan's

Ambassador to Syria Nayef Al Hadid. The assignment of seats for

the Jordanian students said the statement was issued in implementa-

tion of a bilateral agreement on cultural cooperation. Jordanian

students will have to submit their applications to the Ministry of Higher Education in Damascus which will distribute them at the rate

of two in each of the faculties at various Syrian universities. The

statement noted that 124 Jordanian students were admitted to Syrian

WHAT'S GOING ON

universities in the past academic year. (Petra)

safeguard these traditions and other related topics. (Petra)

AMMAN (J.T.) - More than a and 2,000 educationists and wrimillion students at the primary, preparatory and secondary stages will begin school Tuesday at the start of the new 1989-1990 scho-

The Ministry of Education announced Monday that 1.026 million students are expected to attend classes Tuesday in 3,635 schools owned and operated by the government or the private sector and the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA).

The ministry said that a total of 39,325 teachers are employed by these schools to give education to

the young generation. Earlier, the Minister of Education Abdullah Nsour said that shools in the new scholastic year will receive 30,000 new students at the first primary class.

A ministry official said that school textbooks for the secondary stage have been amended

possible services to farmers (Petra)

Castro. (Petra)

ters are involved on a continual basis to prepare or amend texthooks to cone with the needs of the educational system as required and recommended by the first national educational conference held in 1987.

The director of the ministry's secondary education, Dr. Mohammad Sayel, said here will be no change in the uniform of male and female students at all

As to the books, he said, the ministry has been distributing them to all schools over the past three days. These books are being distributed free of charge to students in the elementary and preparatory stages but sold to

those in the secondary stage.

The ministry official denied projects. He stated that more than 150 earlier press reports that there thousand citizens every year be would be an increase in the fees nefit from financial aid under paid by students in the govern-GUVS social cooperation camment schools. paign, and that 500 students were

granted interest-free loans this ear under the "Charitable Plasprogramme, to be repaid after graduation. Khatib also described the activities of the social data bank, set

up with the technical assistance of

Queen lauds role played by GUVS the Royal Scientific Society rendered by voluntary societies (RSS).

Her Majesty Queen Noor is briefed Monday by GUVS Executive Board Chairman Abdullah Al

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Monday visited the General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS), and was up-

dated on the union's achieve-

Queen Noor was received by

the GUVS executive board chair-

man, Dr. Abdullah Al Khatib,

secretary-general of the Ministry

of Social Development, Mr.

Mohammad Al Sqour, members

of the GUVS' executive board,

and GUVS secretary-general. Established in 1958, GUVS in-

corporates over 450 voluntary

and charitable societies in all

parts of the Kingdom, with 45

thousand voluntary workers, and

acts as the main link between

Khatib reviewed the GUVS

role in financing various social

and humanitarian projects car-

ried out by voluntary societies

JD 1.4 million were contributed

n 1989), and in executing major

those societies and governmental

ments and future projects.

Members of the executive council elaborated on the union's future plans, which include the establishment of 9 centres for the handicapped in the various governorates, and Al Amal Centre for the multi-handicapped, whose foundation stone Queen Noor laid last year. The centre is expected to begin operations in early 1990, with a capacity of 150

A College of Occupational Therapy for training personnel in the field of rehabilitation of the handicapped is due to open during the next academic year at King Hussein Medical Centre.

Other GUVS projects include the establishment of Al Amal Centre for Cancer Diseases at University of Jordan, the execution of which will start next

In 1988, a Charity March, which yielded JD 27,000, was organised by the Jordan Cancer Society under the patronage of Queen Noor, to help finance the centre. In addition to treating cancer patients, the centre will focus on spreading awareness regarding the importance of early detection of the diseases.

Queen Noor praised the invaluable role of the union as a partner in social development efforts and voiced her appreciation of the humanitarian services

and individuals to the less fortunate members of society.

Khatib on various projects implemented by the

Attending the meeting were Her Highness Princess Majida Ra'ad and Noor Al Hussein Foundation Director General, Mrs. In'am Al Mufti.

GUVS will also cooperate with the Noor Al Hussein Foundation (NHF) on two foundation projects namely: a Centre for Early Childhood Education. which aims at evolving a curriculum and instructional practices appropriate for pre-school children — an area so far largely left to the initiative of the private sector — and providing a laboratory for first-hand practical experiences for individuals involved in teacher education and staff training, in response to the increasing demand for nursenes and kindergartens triggered by rapid population increase.

Al Noor project for the development of rural areas, which embodies a new approach in development based on self-reliance. self-management and self-financing schemes, enabling citizens to become active initiators of services instead of passive recipients, and transforming government role from that of provider to

that of supporter. Khayyat urges Arabs, Muslims Al Swaimeh, in the Ghor region, is the first village to benefit

U.N. workers stage one-day strike

UNRWA employees seek Arafat's help in settling pay dispute with agency

By Lima Nabil Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Employees working for the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) staged a one-day strike Monday to back demand for better pay and sought help from Palestine President Yasser Arafat, who is currently visiting Jordan, to help settle their pay dispute with the agency.

Arajat told a group represent-ig the 6,000 agency employees in at the UNRWA headquarters in ing the 6,000 agency employees in Jordan that he backed their demands and would discuss the question with the UNRWA Commissioner General Giorgio Giacomelli in the coming week.

The employees, represented by their elected committee, met Arafat at the Guest Palace in Amman and briefed him on the whole situation, their demands for better pay to improve their living conditions and the expected survey UNRWA had promised to conduct in the coming month before deciding on any

increases in salaries. The one-day strike they said

Amman. The strike entailed a total stop-

page of work at the headquarters. schools, health centres operated by UNRWA and other services offered to the Palestinian re-

The stoppage came one-day before the reopening of schools in Jordan for the new scholastic year and, according to the committee. it was a show of determination on the part of the employees to maintain protests until UNKWA meets their demands.

UNRWA Director in Jordan Ele Saaf had said that he symgeneral, but they had to wait 10 the survey team to come from Vienna and conduct its work betbefore submitting a report on 🕒

Saul said the agency does are deny that the condition of US RWA employees requires it in tion, but all that depends on to outcome of the survey with the hoped will take piace as a

The employees demand to the survey be conducted but the end of August and so inthe decline in the value of a Jordanian dinas agamst 🗀 🦠 for his affected then living of a

UNRW Vhas saved \$24 bitimen as a result of the devaluation of the value of the anna, ono "it's the employees light to behin from this amount," the exployees' commutes recruicted

UNRWA which reasons from in saturacy to the imple annually plans to again title so mittee members a false. that further protest to a season staged if the agency of those

came as a second action following pathised with the employees in Committee to display list of

tees revising voter lists for the coming parliamentary elections end their task Tuesday and will display the lists for the benefit of the members of the

public Wednesday. According to an announcement by the Ministry of Intenor, voters will have six days

to examine the lists and submit

complaints about them before they are finally approved.

voters to public Wednesda;

Voters in the coming parhamentary elections, scheduled for Nov. 8, will be issued new voter eards which differ from one constituency to another, according to the Ministry.

The cards will be issued by

Minister of Awqaf and Islamic

Affairs Dr. Abdul Aziz Al

Khayyat issued a statement call-

ing on the Arab and Islamic

nations to join forces in order to

confront the barbaric onslaught

launched on Arab and Islamic

institutions by Israel and world

provincial governors as as as buted through the regicentres in each governie as-According to a decrais-

taken hist week by Minister of Interior Salem Mass, Len et al. paigning for elections will be gin 25 days before the electric day and that counting of ways will be completed one documents

Envoy reaffirms Romania's total support for Jordan's peace efforts

AMMAN (J.T.) — Romania ing which Romanian Ambassador Dimitrie Stanescu reaffirmed his country's total support for Jordan in its endeavours to establish peace in the Middle East.

"Romania holds identical views with Jordan over the Palestine problem and its call for an international peace conference to be attended by all concerned parties, to find a lasting solution to the Arab-Israeli conflict and to solve the Palestine issue, the ambassador said at a press meeting held at the Romanian embassy in Amman.

Stanescu reviewed Jordanian-Romanian relations and cooperation in economic, trade, cultural and political fields.

AMMAN (J.T.) - President of the Arab Uni-

versity of Beirut Dr. Mohammad Abdul Rahim

met here Monday with Dr. Mahmoud Al Samra,

president of the University of Jordan to discuss

facilities for the Beirut University students who

are taking their examinations in Amman. The

marked the 45th anniversary of based on friendship and fruitful viding a basis for a prospective its National Day with a press cooperation, were established in and bilateral cooperation in ecoconference held in Amman dur- implementation of directives by nomic, technical, scientific and His Majesty King Hussein and Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu.

Referring to Romania's official stand with regard to Arab causes, Stanescu said that his country condemns inhuman and repressive measures being practised by Israel against the Palestinian

With reference to world issues, he said Romania is devoted to the cause of peace and is determined to contribute most effectively towards the establishment of world peace and security.

At the same time, a press statement from the Romanian embassy issued Monday, referred to the high level agreements be-

He said that bilateral relations, tween Jordan and Romania procultural fields.

> The statement referred to the big number of Jordanian students at Romanian universities and institutes of higher education and mentioned in particular the excellent results obtained from the work of Romanian experts in helping Jordan to develop its energy and to exploit its hydrocarbon potentials.

The statement said that the Romanian people this year celebrate the 45th anniversary of their victory over the invading

Nazi and Fascist forces. It said that the victory of 1944 represents the crowning of long and fierce struggle waged against occupation and imperialism.

to confront Israeli aggression AMMAN (Petra) — Monday, Aug. 21, marked the twenty-first anniversary of the burning of the

Agsa Mosque in Jerusalem at the hands of Zionist extremists with backing from Israeli occupation The act was designed as part of

Israel's on-going efforts to Judaise the Holy City and obliterate the Arab character from the Holy Land.

On the eve of the anniversary,

Zionism.

Islamic heritage designed to a Arab presence in Palestine : remove all that is holy to the Asia and Muslim people.

The minister urged At the tries to support the Prilest . intifada against the Israeli encr and to make serious moves at froms to establish peace Khayyat said that the burning of would guarantee the rights at the holy shrine was part of a Palestinians in their own homseries of aggressions on Arab and land.

NRA welcomes Arab, foreign contribution in oil prespecting

Resources Authority (NRA) welcomes any Arab and foreign company to contribute to NRA's ongoing efforts to prospect for oil in Jordan and is ready to provide these firms all facilities to help them carry out their mission, NRA Director-General Kamal Jreisat said Monday.

Jordanian laws and regulations in the field of mineral exploration provide incentives to all companies to help the Kingdom find oil. Ireisat said in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

ahead with a three-pronged programme the first of which involves NRA teams in exploring oil, a project being funded by the

conducted seismological tests over a 25.000 square kilometre area and drilled 45 wells in the course of prospecting for oil each 1,400 to 4,500 metres deep.

amounts at Azraq. Sirhan, as well as the Risheh district in eastern and north eastern regions. The second aspect of the prog-

ramme calls for the involvement of foreign companies to help prospect for oil. Ireisat said. He added that over the past

three decades NRA has signed contracts with foreign companies in this respect but Jordan abounds with untapped areas for other companies that feel interested in taking part in the oil prospecting process. NRA will be willing to see

exploration in the Kingdom. Ireisat said.

Canadian, Japanese and Austrian firms have already signed contracts with NRA for this kind of exploration on production sharing basis.

The Austrian firm is exploring 5.500 square kilometres in the Sirhan region of eastern Jordan while the Canadian company Petro Canada has been prospecting for oil and gas at Sirhan and Risheh areas.

Jordan, which produces less than one per cent of the 60,000 barrel-per-day of oil it consumes hydrocarbons in the past six these riches.

It pumps about 12 million cut is metres of gas daily from the Risheh field near the Irac

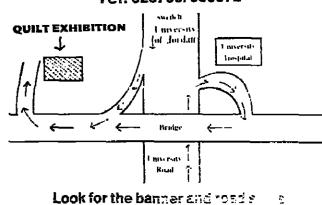
Hunt, Petrofina of Beigner und Japan's National Oil Corporation had been active in the cit at 2 natural gas exploration againtions in the Kingdom.

According to Irasea, the Dear Sea contains 45 billion tonnes of useful minerals and salts and hisdan hopes to obtain assistant.

Save the Children Federation invites you to

Jordan River Quilt EXHIBITEON

Friday-Sunday August 25-27 Villa opposite University Hospital Tel: 628760/656872



The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions. EXHIBITION

A photography exhibition depicting development in Romania at the University of Jordan. An art exhibition by Jordanian artist Maha Abu 'Ayyash at the

Plastic Artists Association, Shmeisani. An art exhibition by Jordanian artists Khaled Ghawanmeh and Abdullah Kamaleh, and the Syrian artist Wafaa Al Masri at the Housing Bank Art Gallery.

FILM ★ Part IV of the American Centre's series "The Power Game" on

"The Presidency" - 7:00 p.m.

FESTIVAL

A cultural festival including exhibitions of books, paintings and national documents, as well as documentary films, lectures and poetry recitals at Eder Sports Club, Karak.

AMMAN (J.T.) - The city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, has congratulated the Philadelphia Hotel in Amman for the change of its name from Holiday Inn.

In a congratulatory message he sent to Fayez Abu Nuwar, general manager of the Philadelphia Hotel, which is now part of the International Hotel Management Group, Philadelphia Mayor Wilson Goode also recalled the significance of the name for Jordan as well as the United States.

came upon the initiative and the interest of a native-born and educated Philadelphian, Richard Henry, who is in Jordan for 18 months as international tourism advisor for Royal Jordanian.

Samra receives Beirut university president

Philadelphia mayor congratulates

Amman hotel for the new name

The city of Philadelphia was the original capital of the young United States, was the second largest city in the British Empire until 1776 (when the fledgling colonies declared their independence), and is presently the fifth The message of congratulations largest city in the United States.

having been overtaken in size in recent years by Chicago. Los Angeles and Detroit.

University of Jordan has been offering these

facilities in view of the present situation in the

Lebanese capital. The examinations started Mon-

day and are expected to take 15 days to be

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, was of course, named after the original name of Amman in Roman times. Philadelphia means "City of Brotherly love" and Mayor Goode stated in his letter to Abu Nuwar: "We are proud that the 'City of Brotherly Love' has a namesake hetel in Amman the location of "ncient Phi-

programme entails receiving grants from any country or source to conduct oil and natural gas

The NRA is meanwhile continuing its own programmes to find oil in the country following its success in discovering natural gas at Risheh district close to the Iraqi border, Ireisat noted. He said that NRA is going

treasury. He said that the NRA has

The ongoing tests and digs helped to find oil in modest

other companies coming to Jordan and will sign contracts on oil exploration. Jreisat added. The third aspect of the NRA

horder. The NRA chief added that The U.S. firms AMOCO 2007

> Apart from oil and gas, freses, said. NRA is actively working or the exploitation of other forms of natural resources in the Kingdom and also in extracting minerals from the Dead Sea.

has stepped up its search for from Arab countries to even

Editorial Director: RAKAN AL MAJAGI Director General: DR. RADI AL WAOFI

Editor-in-Chief: DR. WALEED M. SADI

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.D. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171-6, 670141-4, 684311, 684366 Telev. 21497 ALRAI JO. Facsanile 661242

The Jordan Thors is published daily except Fridays Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times Advertising Department,

Depths of deceit

ALMOST anywhere else in the world, scepticism will be the first reaction that greets a report that soldiers dressed as tourists are stalking unarmed civilian protesters and in fact opening fire and killing people. But not so when it comes to Israelis and the occupied territories. We have seen enough and more of the depths that the occupation forces would delve into in their frantic quest for new means to quell the 21-month-old Palestimian intifada. For some time one of their favourite means was to send in soldiers posing as journalists. The ploy was soon discovered, indeed at a cost to journalism as a profession since the Israeli tactic posed real threats to genuine journalists.

In any event, Sunday's incident in Bethlehem is another sign of the growing frustration of the occupation forces who find "iron-fist" policies and deceit as the only means to put an end to the Palestinian national struggle. The issuance of identity cards to Palestinians living in the occupied Gaza Strip at great cost and effort in a bid to identify "security risks" is another. But what is the net result? An almost total boycott of jobs in Estaci by the Gazans? Successive general strikes which dany Israeli industries and other sectors access to cheap Palestinian labour? Whatever else is the outcome, it is clear that Israel is definitely not finding any dilution of the determination of the Palestinians to gain their rights. If anything, the appressive and despicable practices adopted i by the accupation power will only further harden the stands of the victims and set back whatever chances are there for civilised, moderate negotiations to achieve a just and comprehensive settlement based on coexistence.

Meanwhile, in the short-term, things would get hotter for the Israelis in the occupied territorles since it has been proven beyond doubt that deaths and injuries as well as arbitrary detentions have come to be accepted by the Palestinians as an eccupational hazard and way of life in their quest to fiverate the land. How long will it take the secondion nower to realise it and wake up from the devious slumber it has very conveniently drifted into?

Jordan Press Editorials

PLO leader Yasser Arafat's talks in Animan are given wide coverage in the local Arabic press Monday. Al Ra'i daily in an editorial entitled our common cause" said that for Jordan Palestine has always been the central issue and the focal point in the Kingdom's national strategy. The paper said that the talks between King Hussem and Arafat are focused on the Palestine issue, means of helping the Palestinian people under occupation and efforts in the international arena to find a lasting settlement to the Middle East question. The paper said that the Jordanian and the Palestinian people have always acted jointly in matters of national interest because they have one goal and the same destiny. The paper noted that the two leaders are also discussing means to end the bloodshed in Lebanon and helping the Arab League committee bring about a fasting settlement. It noted that Palestinian-Jordanian coordination of stands is of paramount importance and added that since joint efforts bore fruit in the past both sides should maintain the momentum and work together not only for a mutual prosperous relationship but also for the sake of serving the higher national interest.

A columnist in Al Ra'l daily calls on the educational institutions in Jordan in general and the Ministry of Education and the Ministry of Higher Education in particular to streamline the holidays for students at all levels. Salah Abdul Samad says that all Jordanian families have children who are students either at school or at university and community colleges but that they never taken their holidays simultaneously and can never plan any trip together. The writer says it is true that both get Friday as a weekend, but that is not enough for a holiday that would group all members of the family together. What should be done, the writer adds, is a synchronisation of holidays, the start and the end of each term at chools and universities so that the aspired objective can be

Sawt At Shaah daily said that Arafat's meetings with King Hussein . Amman have a great significance, coming in the wake of their cetings in Baghdad with the Iraqi president and amidst fast evelopments in the Middle East region. The paper said that both landers have direct links with the Palestine problem and both arrhead efforts on the Arab and the international levels to serve · Palestine cause. This is natural since the lordanian and indestinian people have had very stong relationship throughout where and since they both face the same common enemy and have the same desirny.

Israel seizes opportunities in East Africa

By Jane Hunter

ECONOMIC misery and the withdrawal of the Soviet Union from regional confrontations with the U.S. have opened new opportunities, both diplomatic and military, for Israel in East Africa. Already, through improved relations with Kenya and Ethiopia, Israel has begun to reclaim the strategic position in the region it enjoyed in the '60s and early '70s.

The ties with Kenya Kenya's decision last December to restore formal relations with Israel is an indicator of Israel's progress. This country's compliance with the 1973 resolution of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), mandating a diplomatic embargo of Israel, never extended to the expulsion of Israeli advisors and businessmen. Indeed, trade has grown steadily to its current \$10m a year, and it has often been noted that Mossad, Israel's secret service, maintains a significant presence in the country. President Daniel arap Moi's internal security forces receive Israeli assist-

Kenya's observance of the Nairobi airport as a refuelling stop for El Al's weekly flights between Johannesburg and Tel Aviv. Nevertheless, President Moi had fiercely resisted Israeli pressure to normalise relations. In 1987 he consented to receive Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, but only in the dead of night, ordering a car to bring Shamir from the airport terminal and

return him before dawn. What has changed to allow Moi to feel comfortable in raising the status of Israel's unofficial diplomatic representative to ambassador and allowing the Israeli flag to be flown in Nairobi? Even Kenya's once dynamic economy has been ravaged by the low commodity prices and high interest rates plaguing non-industrial countries. With the U.S. battling a huge deficit and low oil prices cutting into the budgets of

Arab states, foreign aid can no longer be counted on to fill the

Moreover, as President Moi became less sure of his people's support he cracked down on dissidents, incurring the wrath of human rights proponents in the U.S. Congress and endangering his American aid. For the past two years Israeli emissaries had been offering to intercede with Congress — if Moi renewed rela-

President Mobutu, the first African leader to reestablish relations with Israel (in 1982), had been complaining that Israeli intercession had not helped Zaire's cause. But apparently President Moi felt that slender hope was worth grasping. Kenya's national radio justified the restoration of relations by saying that the government "was satisfied that generally the future augured well for the Middle East, especially after the acceptance of United Nations Resolutions 242 and 338 by the Palestine Liberation Orga-

Naturally, this did not set champagne corks popping in Israel, which had rejected the PLO's declarations. Although Israeli officials had long considered Kenya and Nigeria the primary objectives of their African diplomacy, their joy was muted. No one said that Kenya's move siginified a breakthrough for Israel in its quest to regain the respect of African governments which it had enjoyed in the '60s

Israel seems to have accepted that, even though it has now been accorded official recognition by seven of the African countries (in addition to Kenya, they are Zaire, Liberia, Cameroon, Cote d'Ivoire, Togo and, as of January, Central African Republic) which severed ties in 1973, it cannot regain its status as mentor and benefactor - not until it reaches a settlement with the Palestinians and reduces its ties with South Africa. While Israel

provision of development assistance, its reputation in Africa is now based on the covert aid it extends and the assistance it gives insecure leaders in developing their personal security forces.

Aid to the SPLA?

Even before the renewal of formal ties with Kenya there were reports that Israel was using it as a launching pad for covert assistance to the Sudanese People's Liberation Army (SPLA). Currently, Israel's aid to the SPLA is regarded as a fact by a number of experts on Africa. Less clear is whether or not that aid is coordinated with or blessed by

The aid probably started after the overthrow of Jaffar Numeiri, with whom Israel got along well enough to arrange for the transit of Ethiopian Jews and to operate a black market in plutonium it initiated during the '60s at Khartourn airport. According to a documentary aired in late 1987 by a British independent television company, this market, its stock in trade diverted from European reactors, continued after Numeiri was overthrown. Nonetheless, Israel did not like the fact that Numeiri's successor, the recently deposed Prime Minister Sadiq Al Mahdi, was accepting economic and military aid from Libya. Early in 1988, the Sudanese

government began accusing Israel of aiding the SPLA. The government's news agency SUNA reported that an Israeli general, dentified as Hayim Erez, had visited the SPLA in South Sudan to lecture SPLA officers and to discuss the delivery of \$8m worth of military equipment. In November Sudanese radio reported that two Mossad officers and three other Israeli officers had been killed while fighting with the rebels. In April, Sudan said three Mossad officers had been injured in the South when their car struck

That month Sudan also announced that it had obtained a still claims to lead the field in the letter, dated 24 February, from

the provincial administration and internal security division of the office of President Daniel arap Moi. The letter discussed the delivery of a quantity of Israeli machine gons, mortars, anti-tank guns, anti-aircraft and anti-tank missiles to the SPLA through Kenya. Despite Sudan's citation of a reference number (OP/SEC/ C/20/VOL-111/18/89), Kenya dismissed its protest, saying the

document was a forgery.

At the end of May, Sudan struck back. Sudanese air traffic controllers refused to permit a plane carrying President Andre Kolingba of the Central African Republic to cross Sudanese territory on its way to Israel. Forced return home, Kolingba promptly broke diplomatic relations with Sudan. (Israel Radio quoted "political sources" as saying that Sudan's action "dispels the claims that the Casablanca summit resolutions and Egypt's return to the Arab League will moderate Arab posi-

No joy in Uganda

In 1987 a Ugandan newspaper said that Israel was supplying through Kenya weapons and uniforms to a rebel guerrilla group, the Uganda People's Front, under the leadership of Peter Otai, who had been minister of defence under former President Milton Obote. The paper said the military aid was arriving "with the help and blessing" of Kenya. It is possible that Israel has

since changed its tack. In March several reporters in the Israeli media claimed that Deputy Foreign Minister Binyamin Netanyahu met high Ugandan officials during a sentimental visit to Entebbe airport, where his brother Jonathan died leading a commando unit in 1976.

However, Uganda is the least likely nation in the region to welcome Israeli diplomats. President Yoweri Museveni has said that Uganda will not reestablish diplomatic relations with Israel

PLO. He has compared Israel to. Israeli governments refused to South Africa, saying both governments "have displaced indigenous peoples". As a recipientof aid from Libya (among many other donors) Uganda is a prime. candidate for Israeli subversion.

An opening in Ethiopia

Last year, when it told Ethiopia it would not renew its military assistance agreement, the Soviet Union urged the government of President Mengistu Haile Mariam to improve its ties with the U.S. But Washington rebuffed Ethiopia's approaches - after months of waiting for its ambassador-designate to be approved, Addis Ababa recently withdrew his name - and that opened the way for Israel. Reports began to appear that Israel was lobbying Washington on Ethiopia's behalf, and that Israel was providing weapons and military training to Ethiopia.

It is now widely predicted that Ethiopia will renew diplomatic relations with Israel within the next year or so. Open discussion in the Israeli media of a newly launched agricultural aid programme for Ethiopia and the attendance of Ethiopian economists and agricultural experts at Israeli courses give credence to those predictions. In October the Ethiopian minister of agriculture visited Israel and Prime Minister Shamir acknowledged Israel had established contacts with the Ethiopian government.

Israel's friendship with Emperor Haile Selassie was legendary. Israeli military aid continued even after the 1973 diplomatic rupture and Selassie's overthrow in 1974. The links did not significantly weaken until 1985, when Operation Moses, the massive airlift of Ethiopian Jews, was exposed.

It was never these Jews, often referred to as Falashas, that sparked Israel's interest in

until it opens a dialogue with the Ethiopia. In fact, a succession of have anything to do with them. Finally Prime Minister Menachem Begin bowed to the aggressive lobbying of activists (among them some who were convinced that bringing the black Jews to Israel would help to counter the charge that Israel was a racist state) and got Ethiopia to consent to their emigration in exchange for weapons.

The Ethiopians still have no been accepted as full-fledged Jews by Israel's religious authorities and little money has been spent integrating them into Israeli society. Now, with relations on the mend, there are reports that Ethiopia might permit the emigration of the estimated 15,000 Falashas who remained behind, among them some of the parents of the 1,000 children who arrived unaccompanied in Operation Moses

However, it is Ethiopia's location that is attractive to Israel. and in particular its frontage on the Red Sea. Part of that strategic coastline is occupied by Eritrea, and Israel has always supported Ethiopia's effort to prevent its secession. This gives particular credence to reports that Israel has sold large quantities of arms and provided top flight military advisors to Ethiopia, which has suffered a string of recent defeats at the hands of Eritrean and Tigrean

If Ethiopia negotiates a settlement of these conflicts, which it is now under great pressure from its aid donors to do, Israel's position will be considerably weakened, as it will have only its influence on Washington to offer. Similarly, if Sudan's new government can bring off a settlement of the war in the South, Israel's range will be reduced. Even so, compared to its situation three short years ago. Israel would still have a great deal going for itself in East Africa -Middle East International,

Prepare for the lean years

By Hamish McRae

IT HAS been seven fat years. Since 1982 there has been one of the steadiest, fastest periods of expansion that the world economy has ever known.

We can see the results around us in Britain - and not just in the fact they are evidently having to ration champagne, look at the M25 and it is not hard to believe that nearly three-quarters of the households in the South East have one car and more than one fifth have at least two.

It is a boom in which not everyone has shared. Throughout the industrial world there are pockets, sometimes large pockets, of deprivation. A whole continent, Africa, will leave this decade with lower living standards on average than when it entered. For the centrally planned economies, such as the Soviet Union, it has been a decade of economic frustration, frustration now evident in political and social up-

But for the rest of us, much of the 1980s has been a period of rising prosperity, more akin to the hopeful 1960s than the uncertain 1970s. There has been nothing comparable to the two oil shocks which damaged economic confidence, and cut severely into economic growth. One possible candidate, the share crash of October 1987, proved a short-lived terror, with share prices around the world now back to, or above, their pre-cash levels.

Indeed last year, against all predictions, proved a vintage year for the world economy, with growth of over 4 per cent. Yet it is impossible now not to

feel a sense of unease, a sense that the good times have drawn to a close. In part that may just be a puritanical reaction to Britain's own excesses: the great spending spree of the last couple of years which helped drive our trade balance into a record deficit.

In part it may be a more practical reaction to the high interest rates employed here to curb the boom, for the shops are at last reporting a down-turn in

But the nature of the end of the boom is not just a question for Brits. There is a particular British element to the boom, but we are a small part of the world econormy, and our own performance will be determined largely by that of others. We have to make an adjustment to slower growth and lower inflation, but so do other

If you look at the world economy there are perhaps three big problems, problems which it has learnt to live with, rather than solve. These are the imbalances caused by differing economic per-

formance, the rise in inflation, and the more general mismanagement of global resources. A word about each, for the way

the economists' jargon we engineer a soft or a hard landing will be determined by the way we iems.

Imbalances first: there are two that matter. One is the current account deficit that the United States has run since 1982, and the corresponding surpluses of Japan and Germany. The other is the imbalance between the developed world and the less-developed nations.

The first has to adjust sooner or later, for its effect would eventually be for Japan and Germany to own most of the assets of the U.S. Already Japanese companies own one-third of the office space in central Los Angeles. There is an obvious political limit to the extent to which you can allow any country's assets to be controlled from overseas. But there is also a financial limit: those LA office rents go back to Japan, further weakening the U.S. current account.

So there is a time bomb here, but a time bomb with an uncerwe end this boom — whether in tain fuse. Defusing is a long, slow and painful business requiring slower growth of consumption in the U.S. than in Germany and we need to correct our own current account deficit, but ours is of much more recent origin and we are still net creditors abroad, while the U.S. is the world's largest debtor.

An adjustment in the imbalance between the developed and developing world's must also take place, particularly that part of the developing world which most concerns Western bankers, Latin America. You would hardly credit it, to read the reports of debt write-offs to Latin America, but for the last five years it has in fact been transferring wealth towards the West; not the other way round. The flow of interest we have received from that region far exceeds the flow of new loans being made.

Now, one could say that the

fact that much of the debt has been written off means that there is no longer such a serious problem. In purely financial terms that may be so. But the fact that the richest countries are now unwilling (however understandably) to provide significant developnent, reduces the ability of that region to grow.

Thus the imbalance, and the mismanagement which has lead to it, lumbers a potentially vibrant region with austerity. That will remain a burden on the world economy as a whole, and indeed may become a greater burden as its insoluble nature becomes yet more evident. Inflation is the second problem

of the late 1980s. We thought we had it licked. The double digits of the early part of the decade seemed light years away. Indus-trialists had begun to plan, and invest, for an era of relatively stable prices. The virtue of low inflation was leading to its reward: low interest rates. We have lost that prize here in the U.K. and are in danger of losing it elsewhere. Throughout the world both inflation and interest rates have been on the rise. Engineering a soft landing depends on the rest of the world not The last thing anyone should

want is some global version of the British housing market of the last 12 months. Fortunately, it is not that likely, but it remains a danger. The more likely outcome is two years of slow growth as inflation is squeezed from the system. The third issue for the next

chunk of world economic history will be the way the world economy responds to pressure on global resources.

The relationship between an expanding world economy and finite global resources has suddenly taken on an additional political dimension. We have started to worry, as though it were a new problem. But we do have some experience of the potential clash, for that took place in the oil market in the 1970s. OPEC, bless

it, taught us to conserve energy. though we hardly thanked it at the time, and have begun to forget its lessons. We need now, in a way, to

reinvent a cartel like OPEC, but making the mistakes of the U.K. applied to the totality of the world's non-renewable resources. not just the oil market. It will be very difficult, for there is no obvious mechanism which can stitch together the mass of national economic policies into a cohesive international approach.

We can bring in our "green tax" to be sure, but if others do not, we may put ourselves at a short-term competitive disadvantage. In any case, adjusting to more sustainable growth has costs, and those costs are one of the reasons why the early 1990s will see slower growth than the

So while we need not necessarily face the Biblical seven lean vears, it would be naive not to expect now a change both of economic pace and of economic direction. Indeed we should wel-

Gandhi sees bigger world role for India

By Earleen Fisher The Associated Press

NEW DELHI - Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi said Saturday that India must play a bigger role in world affairs as the superpowers shift from old polarisations to greater dialogue.

In an interview with the

Associated Press and United News of India, Gandhi also said he feared a hasty withdrawal of Indian peacekeeping troops from Sri Lanka could lead to partition of the island between the Sinhalese majority and Tamil minority.

He said he expected his own national elections, due no later than Jan. 1, 1990, to be held "more or less on schedule." While he declined to be more specific, he appeared to indicate early elections were unlikely.

"I feel India must play a bigger role and will play a bigger role and the global equations are changing. People are coming out of their old mind sets," the Indian leader said. "That's where countries like India can play a much bigger role, like we have done in the Non-Aligned (Movement). like we have done in disarmament — really bringing the opposition poles together, getting nations to think more in terms of one world, not our bloc and their

Gandhi has maintained his

days of his grandfather Jawaharlal Nehru. India's first prime minister, and his mother and prewithdrawal, he said. decessor, Prime Minister Indira Gandhi. But he also has

technology.

He declined to link India's growing military strength to its an effort to end a separatist role in world affairs, saying, "I revolt in the north and east of the don't put much significance in the military (aspect of India's

India, which has 880 million

broadened ties with the United

States, especially in trade and

people and is the world's most populous nation after China and ts 1.2 billion people, has 1.4 million men under arms — the fourth largest military force in the world after the Soviet Union, China and the United States. Last April, it successfully test-

fired a medium-range ballistic missile, only the seventh nation in the world to do so. It called the launch a "technology demonstration" with no hostile purposes. Gandhi said the withdrawal of

the 40,000 Indian soldiers in Sri Laka was still under discussion with the Colombo government, which has demanded a speedy pullout.

"What's worrying us is that if we come (back) without something else taking our place and things get out of control, it will lead to the division of Sri Lanka," he said.

India has asked Sri Lanka. country's warm times with the whose armed forces barely total Soviet Union that date to the 40,000 men, how it proposes to

deal with security after an Indian

"Just moving out and leaving a vacuum is not really a solution," Gandhi said.

India, prompted by the sym-pathies of its own Tamil minority for their brethren in Sri Lanka. sponsored a 1987 peace accord in small Indian Ocean island.

soon bogged down in a guerrilla war against the same Tamil militants once supported by India.
At the same time, the peace accord and the Indian military presence fuelled a backlash in southern Sri Lanka by ultranationalist Sinhalese against their

Sinhalese-dominated govern-BAY OF BENGAL

But the largest Tamil rebel group rejected the plan and Indi-Asked if he thought India would leave Sri Lanka a better or an soldiers sent to enforce it were worse place than it was when the first Indian soldiers landed on July 30, 1987, Gandhi said:

> "The northeast will definitely be better, provided the replacement (force) comes in," he said. The south, well, I won't comment on that. The Sri Lankan government should really look after that. That is much more worrying at the moment than the north, much more."

At least 11,000 people, including 1,000 Indian soldiers, have died in the Tamil insurrection since 1983. Another 4,000 people have been killed in two years of Sinhalese violence.

Gandhi, who turned 45 Sunday, looked relaxed and confident as he sat in the private cabin of the Indian Air Force Boeing 737 that had carried him and an entourage of government aides, members of his Congress Party and bodyguards on a two-day tour of south

The trip, which was a campaign tour in everything but name, had him travelling by helicopter across Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh states, making 13 speeches in 28 hours.

He repeatedly blasted his political opposition, especially the fractious alliance called the Janata Dal (National Front) whose president, Viswanath Pratap Singh, was once Gandhi's finance minister and later his defence



them up.

Where is the entertainer?

By Jane Ellison

THE FIRST guests arrived at three o'clock precisely. They walked straight past the balloons, the squeakers, the party hats. They ignored Captain Beaky's jaunty tones on the tape. They handed over their presents in a dutiful manner then looked critically round the room. At last, one of them spoke: "Where's the entertainer?" she said. There was an awkward silence. There was no entertainer. "I am the en-tertainer," I said, trying to make it sound exciting. There was another silence. Then the small child said: "Oh." Her friends sat down on the floor and regarded

me with a challenging expression.

Giving a party for small children ought to be easy enough; certainly, easier than giving a party for your friends. After all, the guests are clean, tidily dres-sed and arrive on time in a flurry of Volvo estate cars; they do not overstay their welcome but depart equally promptly on the dot of five. They do not get drunk, demand to watch video nasties. or attempt to smoke illegal substances. They do not speak off into bedrooms and get up to no good. On the contrary, they simply play party games and eat their tea.

But it is not quite as simple as that. The rigorously competitive ethos of the children's party today demands much more than mere "games." The row of unsmiling four and five-year-olds sitting on the floor are not waiting for me to launch into "musical chairs" or "hunt the thimble". No, they are waiting for Smarty Arty to perform for them; for Jolly Roger to do some tricks; for Mr. Chuckleberry to make them

laugh with collapsible scissors and disappearing mice.

Although the Smarty Arty en-tertainer is no longer fashionable among Harpers & Queen parents (according to a recent questionnaire, the upper classes are of the opinion that they make the children over-excited and encourage the expectation of expensive party bags), a Smarty Arty is inevitably to be found leaping, pyjamaclad and enthusiastic, at nearly every middle-class children's party your infants may attend.

Smarty Arties are rapidly booked up in advance, so it is not unusual to find mothers signing them up in January for a May party. The Smarty Arty will take over the whole party for the overworked, modern parent, providing something for the children to do between the hours of three and five, so that your role as host extends no further than furnishing a suitable tea. Smarty Arties are highly popular with those who feel unable to take on the dreadful burden of amusing the young. They are popular with the children, too, although their attraction naturally diminishes as the entertainer becomes an overfamiliar phenomenon.

Mothers who have booked a Smarty Arty usually begin apologising for it at least two months before the party. "I'm afraid I've got an entertainer. I know it's a cop-out but frankly I just can't face organising ten five-year-olds. I'm hopeless at games, anyway." Mothers who do not provide an entertainer, will often have expensive recourse to alternative amusement, such as children's theatre, puppet shows, or a visit to the museum. Any-

did you go to as a child? Surely they were simple affairs, uncontaminated by a Smarty Arty jumping all over the place. There were banana sandwiches, jelly and eager, overjolly parents, enjoining you not to eat too much cake and organising games. However advanced the new gen-eration of partygoers are today, surely you do not need to pay someone else to amuse them just for a couple of hours? Can you juggle? Do impressions? Stand on your head and sing the theme of Neighbours at the same time? This is the moment to deploy your talents to a young and cap-tive audience. Unfortunately, your audience is considerably more sophisticated than you expected. They don't even look particularly excited to be here, do

they?

with? Oranges and Lemons perhaps? The children regard you with blank incomprehension. "Don't you play this at school?" No, apparently they don't. A brief description of the principles of the game follows. Unfortunatewhen you get to the bit about the candle and the chopper, the demonstration of the execution is over-realistic. One small child, more sensitive than the others, bursts into tears and says she doesn't want to play. The others also say they don't want to play. Three out of 12 remain who will

What about a game to start

have a go.
You sit down at the piano and strike a chord. They eye the piano curiously. This is a novelty.

thing is acceptable except the horror of trying to keep a dozen children occupied yourself.

And yet, what sort of parties the three traipse round the room the sun will be out in a cautiously out onto the lawn and sit on the grass. "It's raining." says Lucy. and execute a nervous victim. The others look on in disdain. "I had a conjurer at my party," says Lucy, more loquacious and confi-

dent than most five-year-olds are supposed to be. The rest stare Oranges and Lemons comes to a dismal end. What about musical statues? "Now when the music

уоц сап." "Oh, we've played this at school," someone says without

stops you must all stand as still as

enthusiasm. "Anyway, it's wrong." Lucy has interrupted again. "You all have to sit on the floor."

A brief, spirited argument follows about whether one stands or sits. The children decide they will fall to the floor. After a few practice goes, those who are declared "out" respond by vigorous argument, refusing to accept the unpire's decision as final, and

joining in the game just as before. Before tea, there is a pause for the video. At last, there is a rush of real enthusiasm for Rupert and the Forg Song. For ten minutes. their eyes gleam with pleasure and they sit, silent and entranced before the television listening to Paul McCartney's warbling tenor. It is tempting to leave them there for the next hour but this is giving in to the packaged entertainment you have been resisting. Sternly. they are dragged away from the television and led out to tea.

Tea is in the garden, set out on a paper tablecloth. There are sausages, crisps, jelly and birthday cake. The children move

"No no, the sun will be out in a minute." There is mild interest in the jelly. We deal with the ceremonies of the cake. Then Lucy says she is cold. They all say they are cold and wander back inside.

Time for another game to warm

What about Follow My Leader? Nobody wants to play. What about some nursery rhymes? 'We don't know them." says Lucy. But they do. After 2 few more chords on the piano, they all start to sing and dance, jumping up and down. The nursery rhymes finish and they run back out into the garden. Now is the moment to bring up the heavy guns with What Time Is It Mr. Wolf! a terrifying and thrilling game where a small child is seized and eaten on the wolfish erv of "Dinner Time!" The first brave volunteer is devoured. And then. suddenly, everyone joins in. At last, here is a game that everyone wants to play. Even the most sophisticated children cannot resist being caught and eaten. After a while, the children become wolves and catch and eat their hosts. Half an hour passes effortlessly until the Voivos comes

So it was not so hard after all. It is possible to turn a row of small, spoon-fed, passive infants into the vigorous party-goets we all used to be. Another ten minutes and they would all have been Following My Leader with gusto. What did the children think of it? I couldn't say - The Guardian.

back again.

'Cars used as weapons' on West German motorways

By Rolf Soderlind Reuter

BONN - You can drive as fast as you like in the outside lane on a West German motorway and may feel like the king of the road until you look in the rear mirror.

Zooming in on you like a guided missile on its target comes a rival contender, bullying you to get out of the way. 'Cars are used as weapons,"

says Herbert Schnoor, interior minister of the State of North Rhine-Westphalia, "The road has become an arena."

Pile-ups caused by aggressive driving on the last motorways in the West without general speed. limits are leading to growing calls

Environmentalists and many politicians are demanding a general speed limit on West Germany's 8,000 kilometre of Autobahn for both safety and environmental reasons.

"People get upset about mur-der," Schnoor, a Social Democrat, told the magazine Der Spiegel. "Why do we not get equally upset whenever someone is killed by a car?"

The speed limit advocates, who

range politically from the left to the liberal centre, want drivers to be less aggressive and urge travellers to use public transport

many's "asphalt lobby" is easy.

freedom to push their high-powered cars to the limit on the motorway network, which began taking shape in earnest under Adolf Hitler in the 1930s.

Surveys show most drivers are against a general speed limit. They are backed by the conservative-led government, the West German Automobile Industry Association and the Association of Automobile Drivers (ADAC).

Traffic ministers from the country's 11 states in June narrowly endorsed a statement recommending a general speed restriction on the autobahns on safe-

ty grounds.
But their recommendation was But no challenge to West Ger-

West Germans cherish their Transport Minister Friedrich Zimmermann, who said West German motorways were among the safest in Europe.

Statistics appear to support Zimmermann. West Germany had 8,213 traf-

fic deaths last year, up three per cent from 1987, but only 714 happened on the autobahns. There were 39 deaths per thousand traffic accidents on West German motorways in

"1987, compared with 51 in Britain and 102 in France, where speed limits are 112 kph and 130 kph respectively. The ADAC, the powerful

automobile club which represents 30 per cent of West German shot down at once by federal drivers, has in the past successful-

ly fended off challenges to the rights of motorists to drive as fast as they please.

But it has recently come under fire for sponsoring opposition in West Berlin against a decision by the local government to slap a 100 kph speed limit on a stretch of

motorway.
The 6.5-kilometre autobahn is a symbol of freedom to many drivers in West Berlin, an enclave surrounded by East Germany. They were infuriated when the speed limit was imposed by the ruling coalition of Social Democrats and ecological Greens in

Hundreds of drivers clogged the motorway in a protest.

But the ADAC's political attack on what it termed a "big brother" mentality of the authorities caused a backlash and prominent people such as novelist Guenther Grass withdrew from the organisation in protest.

"People join the ADAC because they want to benefit from its road rescue service, not because they want the ADAC to speak for them in politics," said Stefan, Sethe, a spokesman for the alternative West German Traffic Club (VCD).

Founded in Bonn in 1986 by environmentalists anxious to address a whole range of traffic problems, not just those of car owners, the VCD favours speed limits.

The club's claim that it is

attracting 2,000 new members a terrand, in an interview with five month gives the speed limit lobby European newspapers in July. renewed hope.

But the VCD has just 25,000

members compared with the Munich-based ADAC's 9.3 million members. The speed-limit camp is

weakened by disagreement on where to put the ceiling — anywhere between 100 kph and 130 The West German government

of Chancellor Helmut Kohl has insisted on cleaner vehicle emissions rather than speed limits. It took the lead in imposing tough U.S. pollution norms on all new small cars sold in the European Community.
French President Francois Mit-

said Bonn's environmental policy was contradictory. The West Germans wanted (catalytic converters) to be fitted

throughout the community." he

said. "But West Germany is not

prepared to take measures to limit the speed on its motorways. even though these speeds are an important factor in generating carbon gases." In 1985, the government threw out a proposal to slap a 100 kmh speed limit on the autobahns.

citing an official report which said such a restriction would no little to cut pollution blamed for killing West German forests.

Tiny Jersey and Guernsey battling problems of success

By Cotten Timberlake The Associated Press

ST. HELIER, Jersey - The tiny Channel islands of Jersey and Guernsey, bustling offshore financial centres, are battling the problems of success.

With booming financial-services industries and low taxes attracting both job-seekers and the wealthy, the islands have introduced draconian rules to cut immigration to a trickle.

Jersey allows just five new milhonaire residents into the tax haven each year - a January 1987 law trimmed the number from 15 - and has what it claims are the world's only price controls on housing sales.

"The fear in all our minds is that we will become another Monte Carlo," says Anne Perchard, a Jersey dairy farmer.

Tax haven

The islands' growing number of high-quality financial institutions provide a place for individuals and companies to legally shelter their money from their own countries' taxes and to make more money on high-yielding invest-

Income and corporate tax rates are 20 per cent, and there are no sales, inheritance or capital gains

Attractions are the English language, political stability, British time zone, proximity to the conti-

CROWN

INT'L EST.

packing, shipping, forwarding, storaging, cleaning, door-to-door

Agents all over the world Tel: 584090, Fact: 696652 Tix: 22295 BESMCO JO P.O. Box 525467

HMAN JORDAN

service

nent and freedom from European Community (EC) regulations.

The islands generally follow British financial regulations, and an absence of bank-secrecy acts has helped them avoid the unsavory reputations of other tax The result has been an econo-

mic boom that has brought the big benefits of full employment and government budget surpluses. But there also have been immigration pressures, high-rise buildings, traffic jams and strained water supplies.

newcomers who want credit for improving the islands' living stan-

Native islanders, who aren't

sure they like this transformation from rural idyll, clash with the

"Jersey has to manage the success so you actually don't kill the golden goose," said Martin Dryden, managing director of Gartmore Fund Managers Inter-

national Ltd. Jersey, with an area of 101 square kilometres, has seen its opulation jump to 82,000 from 60,000 in 1961. The population of 65-square-kilometres Guernsey has gone to 60,000 from 54,000 in

Hopes or fears

There are hopes — or fears or more prosperity.

The islands, which are dependencies of the British crown but not members of the European Community, are positioned to turn into "offshore Europe" from "offshore Britain" when the 12nation EC becomes a single market in 1992.

"We see it as being a position of opportunity," says Colin Powell, Jersey's leading civil ser-The Channel islands, which

also include the smaller, still rural Alderney, Herm and Sark, are in the English Channel some 35 kilometres off France's Normandy coast.

Once part of the Duchy of Normandy, the islands retained their allegiance to the king of England where Normandy was freed of English rule in 1204. Although some patois and other French influences survive,

most people speak English, Grey

Hillsea View, and gardening is taken seriously. Bailiffs appointed by Queen Elizabeth 11 preside over locally

elected parliaments. There are no political parties. During World War II, the Channel islands were the only British soil occupied by the Nazis, for five long years.

The financial services industries here began in the '60s. Today, with hundreds of banks and insurance companies and more than 1.000 investment funds, they

dominate the economies. Jersey says its finance sector overtook tourism in 1986 and accounted for 40 per cent of gross national product (GNP) in 1987,

compared with 20 per cent in

China Palace RESTAURANT

Attractive Chinese decorations Delicious Chinese cuisine

All in sizzing - no extra charge social tepanyaid - chicken, best & fish with special crispy duck

Opens 11.30 s.m. - 3.30 p.m., 7.00 p.m. - 11.30 p.m.

Stone Cottages have names like The island's GNP doubled in the six years to 1987, while Guernsey's has grown an average of 8.5 per cent annually during

the past three years.

To stem the population growth, Jersey now requires companies to obtain permission to increase staff. New companies need licenses.

Businesses object, but are having to adapt with increased use of computers and by seeking wealthier clients.

"We are selective," Powell says. "We would like to see continued profit growth of the institutions without people

Only people born on Jersey and their children are altowed to

buy and lease property. In Guernsey, 90 per cent of the housing market is reserved for

In Jersey, key professional workers can rent a home after living in employer-provided accommodation for 10 years. But that right expires next year. A right to buy after living on the island for 20 years expires in 2000.

Each year's five new millionaires have had to convince a housing committee that they "are of social and economic value to the islands," says committee chairman Hendric Vandervliet.

Seeking to protect young locals, the committee also reviews all home sales.



Packing, Air Freight Forwarding, Customs Clearance, Door-to-door Service, Ticketing and

AMIN KAWAR & SONS

Shmeisani P.O. Box 7806 Amman, Jordan Tel. 604676, 604696



Tel. 538968



The only typical Chinese cuisine in Amman. Chinese Flaming pot is available Open daily 12:00 - 15-30 18:00 - 23:30

Wadi Sagra Road - near Traffic Bridge · Amman, Jordan



CHEN'S CHINESE RESTAURANT Mecca Street, Yarmouk Engineers' Housing Estate, near Kilo Supermarket

Mongolian Barbeque for **Lunch Friday only** Tel: 818214 Come and taste our specialities Open daily 12:00 - 3:30 p.m. 6:30 - Midnight

STUDIO HAIG

Professional Quality in 1 Hour Service Develop your colour film at our shop and get:-

* JUMBO photo size 30% larger Free enlargement 20 x 30 cm

Shmeisam - Opp. Grindlays Bank. Phone: 604042 Swefieh tel: 823891



Korean Bar-B-Q Charcoal Flaming Pot Take-away service Open daily Noon - 3:30 p.m. & 6:30 p.m. - midnight Location: Near 3rd Circle opposite Akilah Hospital

Tel: 641093

ONLY WE HAVE UNQUE AND INNOVATIVE ITEMS. HIGH QUALITY AND COMPETITIVE CARRVAN BAZBAR

WHERE YOU CAN FIND DLIVE WOOD MOTHER OF PEARL AND ALL KINDS OF HANDICBAFT PRODUCTS.

At Al-Hussein Youth City. Amman Tel: 502331



Take away service available Open Daily 12.30-3.30 pm 7.30-11,30 pm After the Holiday Inn hotel Towards 3rd circle

Tel:659519 659520

NAOI FOOD LUNCH & DINNER















Japan unseats U.S. as world's richest country

TOKYO (AP) — Japan became the world's richest nation on paper in 1987, surpassing the United States for the first time with \$43.7 trillion in national assets, an economic newspaper said Monday.

The value of Japan's assets in value of financial assets such as 1987 jumped sharply from \$28.3 trillion worth of assets in 1986. said the Nihon Keizai Shimbun newspaper, quoting figures from the U.S. Federal Reserve Board and Japan's Economic Planning Agency. In 1985, Japan's assets were \$19.6 trillion, lagging \$11 trillion behind those of the U.S. the paper said.

According to U.S. Federal Re-serve Board figures, the United States had some \$30.6 trillion in assets at the end of 1985, \$34.0 trillion worth in 1986 and \$36.2 trillion in 1987, the newspaper

The newspaper, Japan's leading economic daily, said the statistics at the end of 1987 were the latest available from the two

National assets are the total

signal flashes

SEOUL (AP) - President Roh

Tae-Woo warned Monday that

South Korea's export-led eco-

nomy faced "a red light signal" with the potential for a drastic fall

In a weekly radio address enti-

tled "let's turn our eyes to ex-

ports again." Roh said that "it is

imperative to revitalise our ex-

ports in order to revive the resili-

He blamed sluggish exports on

ence of our economic growth."

the Korean won currency's

appreciation against the U.S. dol-

lar, steep wage hikes and serious

labour-management disputes in

played the role of a diesel

locomotive pulling a long train."

Korea has recorded faster

growth than almost any other

To promote exports and invest-

ment, the president said the gov-

ernment is stabilising the curren-

Saying the government alone

could not solve economic prob-

and employers to do their part.

He urged workers to refrain

should fulfill the following:

4) Fluent in English

cv exchange rates and taking year ago.

lems. Roh also called on workers Mainly under U.S. pressure, the

from seeking excessive wage in- about 2.5 per cent so far this year.

WANTED

SALES REPRESENTATIVES

An industrial company is seeking female sales repre-

sentatives to market a new product line. Candidates

3) Have the ability to organize and work within sales teams

Interested candidates are to send their C.V. with a recent

Personnel office P.O. Box 950482

Tel. 673984. Amman - Jordan.

Aggressive personality and eager to work

2) Ready to do door to door sales

5) Driving license is preferable

developing country in recent

"In our economy, exports have

recent years.

he said.

other steps.

in the export growth rate.

in S. Korea

Red light

stocks and deposits and insurance, and actual assets such as production facilities, housing. land and inventories.

Officials of the Economic Planning Agency said the statistics from Japan and the United States were issued separately toward the end of last year, but the agency did not make any specific comparison.

Contributing to the rise in Japan's assets were soaring stock and land prices, coupled with a nominal increase in the overall national assets due to the Japanese currency's appreciation against the U.S. dollar, the report

On a yen basis, Japan's national assets rose by 17.7 per cent in 1987 over the previous year,

Roh Tae-Woo

based on trust.

from 1962 to 1988.

creases and take the lead in re-

newing the competitiveness of

Korean exports by improving the

quality of their products. He also

exhorted employers to build

labour-management relations

Roh said Korean exports grew

only 5.8 per cent between Janu-

ary and July over the same period

last year, compared with an

annual average growth rate of 30.8 per cent during the 27 years

The trade and industry ministry

earlier said Korea's trade surplus

in the first seven months of this year was only \$166 million, down

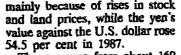
sharply from \$3.79 billion one

averaged 62 per cent in South

Korea between 1987 and 1988.

Korean won rose 15.8 per cent against the dollar in 1988 and

Roh noted that wage hikes

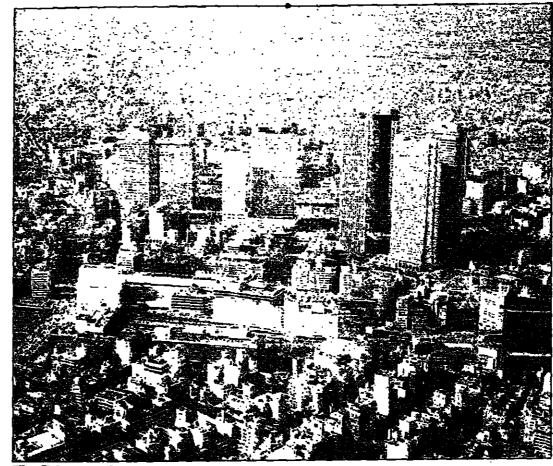


The yen rose from about 160 yen to the dollar to about 122 yen from end of 1986 to the end of 1987, the report said.

It said financial assets accounted for 53 per cent of Japan's total national assets. while the value of land made up 30.6 per cent.

Masaru Yoshitomi, chief of the Economic Planning Agency's Economic Research Institute, told the Nihon Keizai Shimbun that the scale of Japan's national assets "show Japan has increased its position not only in industrial competitiveness, but also in a very important part of the national power of financing."

The government reported last year Japan had record net overseas assets of \$240.7 trillion in 1987, making it the world's largest creditor nation for the third year in a row.



The Tokyo mystique

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Egypt leases luxury hotel to Wena

CAIRO (R) — Egypt has agreed to lease a luxury hotel in the ancient city of Luxor to a British company in its latest move to privatise many of its state-run hotels, the British company said Monday. British hotel chain Wena hotels said in a press release it had signed a 20-year lease for the Luxor Hotel with the state-owned Egyptian Hotels Company. The hotel, built at the turn of the century at the side of Luxor Temple, will be renovated and reopened in October 1989 as the Luxor Wena Hotel. Egypt is leasing many state-run hotels to foreign companies as part of an overall move to cut back its big public sector. It relies heavily on tourism as a major source of foreign

Poles distrust communist banks

BONN (R) - Solidarity leader Lech Walesa has urged West German banks to open branches in Poland, saying they would attract savings which Poles keep under their mattresses because they do not trust communist-run state banks. "The Polish people have boarded \$3 to \$5 billion 'under the mattress' which is not used in the economy," he told the West German newspaper Bild. "No-one will entrust this good money to a communist bank, but they would entrust it to a Western bank. In short, we could pay for the necessary reforms with this money, our money," he said in an interview released ahead of publication Tuesday. Poland would offer West German banks offices, safes and computer links with their head offices, Walesa added. He repeated his call for the West to grant Poland debt relief, saying foreign debts were strangling the economy. "We will certainly repay them, but under another economic system," he said.

FURNISHED APARTMENT FOR RENT

Modern fully furnished in Abdoun near Jordan Supermarket.

bathrooms, wall to wall carpet, two balconies, wall closets,

storage space, separate heating system. First floor apartment

overlooking Abdoun Valley with telephone and other extras such

Call 604922.

A leading pharmaceutical company is in

need for pharmacists to work as medical

1- Two years experience is preferable in the

3- Fluent English language speaking and

Those who are interested are re-

quested to call phone No. 831584 to

representatives in Saudi Arabia.

The following are important:-

2- Age not to exceed thirty years.

MANY VILLAS

AND APARTMENTS

FOR RENT & SALE

Furnished or

Unfurnished

In Shmeisani, Sweifieh,

Abdoun- and many other

For more information

please call

Wael Real Estate

Tel: 685342

locations.

as pictures, lights and excellent finishing.

PASSPORT AND.

PERSONAL

DOCUMENTS

LOST

Majdalena Ambatali, Phi-

lippina national, announce

that I have lost my Philip-

pines passport as well as

my residence, work per-

mits and other personal

documents, which were

If found, please deliver them to the nearest

same field.

issued in Amman.

Strike disrupts Swedish rail traffic

STOCKHOLM (AP) - Railway traffic ground to a standstill in most of Sweden as hundreds of train drivers launched a wildcat strike Monday over pay and plans to raise their retirement age, National Radio reported. Railway officials of the state-owned Statens Jarnvagar said 10-20 per cent of the nationwide rail network was kept in operation. Commuter traffic in major cities also was disrupted, the radio said. The workers did not say how long the strike would last. A plan by Statens Jarnvagar to raise the mandatory retirement age from 63 to 65 was accepted by the train workers' mion, but triggered a wave of discontent among members. A petition signed by 2,000 workers also protested against removing the option of retiring at age 60. The workers also objected to a raise of the top salary from 11,200 kronor (\$1,700) a month to 13,000 kronor (\$1,970).

Burma fails to stop rice price spiral

BANGKOK, Thailand (AP) - Burma's military government has failed to stop spiralling rice prices and is appealing to the people for help, the state radio has reported. Brigadier General Myo Nyunt, chairman of the Rangoon Division of the Ruling State Law and Order Restoration Council, said that despite efforts to ease problems of rice distribution," prices continued to soar." Rice is the staple diet for Burma's nearly 40 million people. Last year, rising rice prices, discontent with the political leadership and other factors led to a mass uprising for democracy. Myo Nyunt said that although an "open door" economic policy was now being followed, "the prices of paddy and rice have been spiraling." Though the state was distributing 20,000 sacks of rice a day to people in Rangoon at government subsidised prices, it was unable to provide for all of the capital's 4.3 million people, Myo Nyunt said. He said the government could only distribute cheap rice to 3.8 million people and even then the free narket price continued to rise.

FOR RENT

Unfurnished first floor apartment of a 2-floor villa comprising 2 bedrooms, reception-dining, living room, 2 bathrooms, kitchen and terrace. Own entrance and central heating. Located in Umm El-Summag, behind Mecca Street gas station. Annual rent JD 1800.

Call 812917 or 659776

FOR RENT **MODERN FURNISHED APARTMENTS**

A) One-bedroom apartment.
 B) Two-bedroom apartment.
 C) Three-bedroom apartment.

Living room, dining room, kitchen and baths, central heating,

Location: A, B, C in Shmeisani (near Birds Garden)
A, B in Jabal Amman (between 3rd & 4th Circles). For more information call 641443, 642351, 667862

FURNISHED FLAT FOR RENT in Abu Nosair/Amman

Consisting of 3 bedrooms, salon, living room, kitchen, 2 baths. Good furniture and telephone.

Cail tel. 848237, Mr. M. Zakarneh.

FOR SALE

Toyota Pick-up. Double cabin, 4WD, 1988 model. A/C. Duty unpaid. Price JD 4,500.

Please call 643361

- 1. Fully furnished 3 bedrooms, 2nd complete floor apartment in the 4th Circle area - Jabal Amman, tel. lines + independent utilities of W & E & CH and they are very nicely furnished.
- 2. Furnished/unfurnished studio of 1bedroom + bath + kitchen + small garden in the 6th Circle area.

from 9.30 a.m. - 11.30 p.m. every day.



Tel: 677420

NUTRITIONIST or FOOD SCIENTIST or FOOD TECH-

NOLOGIST for research.

(Part-time can be arranged). Please contact Tel. 689690, office No. 5, second

Cinema

floor, Professional Unions Building near Cinema Concorde, Shmeisani, Amman.

TO LET

- For more information please call Tel. No. 817960

COACORA

1- Follow Us (Adel Imam)

(Arabic)

3 30, 6:45, 8 45, 10 45

2- LIKE FATHER LIKE

SON

5 15 only

RUDDER **Tom Cruise**

in

COCKTAIL

5 shows dally

12:30, 3:30, 6:30, 8:30,

10:30

fix an appointment.

Tel: 675571

Cinema

BLAZA

Tel: 677420

THE BEACH GIRLS

12.30 - 3:30 - 5 6:30 - 8:30 - 10:30

20 new firms join Sahab Industrial City

AMMAN (J.T.) — A total of 20 firms have been established at the Sahab Industrial City during the first half of 1989, according to spokesman for the Jordan Industrial Estates, Corporation (JIEC). He said that the total amount of investment in these industries wa approximately JD 4 million, creating more than 300 new jobs.

Among investors in the new industries, he said, are businessme

These industries, the spokesman added, have been established produce foodstuffs, plastic and rubber items, teather, chemicals textiles, furniture, engine ring products and equipment used in th construction industry.

These industries have been set up in the new areas added to the first ase of the Sahab Industrial City which now has more than 15 dustries, the spokesman added. Early last February, the JIEC announced that a new industrial cit

in Irbid will be established in view of the numerous requests establish industries and construct factories. The JIEC spokesman said the corporation received applications; set up 70 new industrial projects in Jordan over the past 11 months

Ministry sets new tissue paper prices

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Supply has issued new instructions specifying prices of tissue paper.

A spokesman said that due to the economic changes which occurred, mainly in the value of the dinar, and which adversely affected the cost for the manufacturers, a technical committee was formed and reviewed the tissue paper industry with the view to justly adjust prices.
As a result, the committee

recommended raising the prices of tissue paper by 20 per cent and diapers by approximately 10 per cent.

According to Ministry of Supply instructions, all tissue paper and diapers produced and stocked in the warehouses of the manufacturers prior to the new measures, are to be sold to the Civil Consumer Corporation and Military Consumer Corporation at the old

The two institutions were exempt from the following new prices in the future as their dealings were subject to separate contracts with the pro-

The new prices of tissue pap-

Pound Sterling Deutschemark

er spread as follows: (1) A packet of two-ply. 100 tissues for 280 fils; (2) A packet of two-ply, 150 tissues for 400 fils; (3) A packet of two-ply, 200 nes for 540 fils; (4) A packet of two-ply, 300 tissues for 800 fils: (5) Toilet roll of Grade A weighing 105 grammes for 180 fils a piece;
(6) Toilet roll of Grade f

weighing 90 grammes for 155 fils a piece; (7) Small 10-tissue pocket-pack three-ply for 50 fils: (8) Small diapers each weight 45 grammes (48 pieces) for JD

(9) Medium dispers each weighing 62 grammes (48 pieces) for JD 4.800; (10) Large diapers each weighing 79 grammes (48 pieces) for JD 5.790; (11) Diapers each weighing 89 grammes (48 pieces) for JD

(12) Baby diapers each weighing 24 grammes (30 pieces) for JD 1.300; (13) Lady dispers each weighing 13 grammes (10 pieces) for 320 fils.

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Monday, August 21, 1989 Central Bank official rates

597.9 603.9 935.1 944.5 304.9 307.9 353.6 357.1 Dutch guilder Swedish crown Italian ira (for 100) Belgian franc (for 10)

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar 1.5695/5705 U.S. dollars 1.1760/70 Canadian dollar 1.9610/20 Deutschemarks 2.2120/30 Dutch guilders 1.6910/20 Swiss francs 41.01/04 Belgian francs 6.6125/75 French francs 1407/1408 Italian lire 142.80/90 Japanese yen 6.6310/60 Swedish crowns 7.1390/1440 Norwegian -crowns 7.6180/6230 365.40/365.90 Danish crowns One ounce of gold U.S. dollars

BAT Industries hikes profits, shuns bid

LONDON (R) — Britain's BAT Industries Monday posted a 20 per cent rise in pre-tax profits for the first half of the year and urged shareholders to reject a takeover bid by financier Sir Jame shareholders to reject a naseover out by manufer of James Goldsmith. The giant tobacco-based conglomerate, in a defence document against the takeover attempt, said Goldsmith and his partners in the offer, Jacob Rothschild of Britain and Kerry Packer'o Australia, were out to get richer at the expense of BAT shareholders BAT reported pre-tax profits of £811 million (\$1.27 billion) in the first six months of 1989, up from £677 million (\$1.06 billion) in the same period last year. Shares in the conglomerate, whose holding include Brown and Williamson Tobacco in the United States, Benson and Hedges Tobacco in Britain and Los Angeles-based insurance firm Farmers Group Inc., rose 11 pence (17 cents) to £8.24 (\$12.94) each on the news.

The National Music Conservatory / Noor Al Hussein Foundation

starts registration for the academic year 1989-1990.

The Conservatory provides systematic training in playing one or more of the following instruments:

Flute Vlola Clarinet Cello Saxophone

Trumpet Nay Oud French Hom Trombone Qanun Percussion

The Conservatory also offers instruction in music theory, reading and ear training, voice and opera singing, Arab singing, music history and appreciation.

Registration takes piace at the National Music Conservatory, Jabal Amman, behind the Kuwaiti Embassy, Tel. 687620.



SPORTS IN BRIEF

SAUDIS TO BECOME FIRST MUSLIMS AT SOUTH POLE: A Saudi scientist said in remarks published Saturday that he and a colleague planned to become the first Muslims to visit the South We will be the first Muslims ever to set foot on the South Pole. So the first thing we will do when we reach there is to perform prayers of thanks to aimighty God," Mustafa Moanmar told the Jeddah-based Arab News. He said he and Ibrahim Alim would join scientists and explorers from France, the United States, the Soviet Union, Britain, China and Japan on the expedition leaving later this month. Moammar is a faculty member of the College of Marine Sciences at Jeddah's King Abdul Aziz University and Alim is director of the Environmental Research Programme at King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals in Dhahran. (R)

LOCAL HEROES WIN AT SOVIET BOXING PREMIERE: Three Soviet fighters marked their country's entry to professional boxing Sunday with impressive victories against American opponents boxing Sunday with impressive victories against American opponents in Moscow. And in the first internationally recognised professional fight to take place in the Soviet Union, Calvin Grove outpointed fellow-American Anthony English in a 12-round junior lightweight contest to win the right to challenge the world champion. Most promising among the Soviet newcomers was featherweight Yuri Alexandrov, 1982 amateur world champion and 1986 bronze medallies, who outpassed contempted and outplessed American Anthony list, who outreached, outpunched and outclassed American Anthony Cisneros over four rounds. (R)

LENDL CRUSHES MCENROE AT TUNE-UP TENNIS: Top seed Ivan Lendl gave John McEnroe a lesson in tennis perfection Sunday as he crushed the second seed 6-1, 6-3 to win the \$742,500 Canadian Open tennis championship in Montreal for the sixth time. Lendl, who has won this event the past three years, had not been satisfied with his game this week, but there is no doubt that he found his stride in the final. Lendl was nearly flawless in the one hour 13 ininute match, serving brilliantly, returning superbly and passing with exquisite accuracy. Asked if he could possibly play any better, the 29-year-old world number one said: "Maybe, but I don't know if it's realistic. It just happens. I've done the work and it started clicking.'

BRAZIL TROUNCE VENEZUELA 6-0: Inspired by four goals from international striker Careca, Brazil trounced Venezuela 6-0 (halftime 4-0) in a South American group three World Cup qualifying soccer match at the Morumbi Stadium in Sao Paulo on Sunday. Careca, who has benched for last Sunday's match against Chile in Santiago because of his poor showing in the first game against Venezuela in Caracas, returned to the main lineup in style. He collected two goals in each half and became the group's top individual scorer. (R)

KASPAROV BLUNDERS AGAINST TAL: Soviet world champion Garry Kasparov blundered when he was in a winning position and had to settle for a draw against former world champion Mikhail Tal on Sunday evening in Sweden in round seven of the world cap chess tournament. The result left Kasparov sharing first place with two other Soviet grandmasters, Jaan Ehlvest and Valery Salov, both of whom won their matches. Kasparov had a two-pawn advantage over Tal and was cruising towards victory but made a simple mistake as time ran short for both players. He grabbed a third pawn, allowing Tal to win his bishop and an easy draw. The tournament is the final competition in a series in which 16 of the world's top players are playing each other.

GOREN BRIDGE

AND OMAR SHARIF

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South you ♥KJ93 ◇AQ10762- ◆AK The bidding has proceeded: East South West No West North Pass 2 ♥ DЫ 1 🖈 Pass

What do you bid now? Q.2-As South, vulnerable, you hold: ±632 ♥18873 ♥954 ♣AQ9 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East

Pass ? What action do you take? Q.3-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:

♦962 ♥A¥8762 ♦¥J9 ♣7 The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 Pass 2 Pass

2 + Pass ? What do you bid now?

Q.4-Neither volnerable, as South you hold: **≜**762 ♥854 ♦AKJ108 **♣**63 Partner opens the bidding with one no trump. What do you respond?

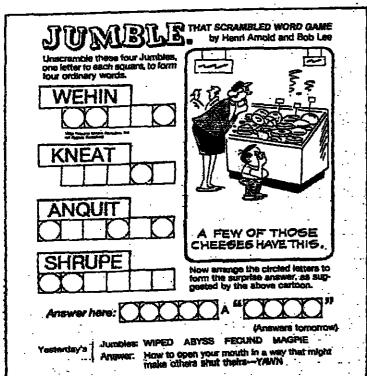
Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you ±QJ93 ♥AQ76 ♦J105 ±74 Partner opens the bidding with one heart. What do you respond?

Q.6-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: **★AJ98** ♥K63 ♦Q82 **★**A197 The bidding has proceeded: Fast West South Pass 1 + Pass

Pass What do you bid now?



shape. Twice a week I hike to the top of Mt. Laundry."





Trouble and pain: but another world record lies ahead for Said

Dutch crowds turned wild by loss at home

cer violence resurfaced in Rotterdam Sunday when hundreds of stone-throwing Feyenoord fans tore down fences and invaded the pitch eight minutes before time after visiting Fortuna Sittard had taken a 2-0 lead.

Play was immediately stopped and later abandoned as beleaguered Feyenoord players raced off the pitch to shelter in the dressing room and riot police with dogs moved in to control a mob infuriated by the prospect of another home defeat.

A feyenoord official said nobody had been injured. The trouble came only two days

after the Dutch government tem-porarily shelved plans for a controversial soccer security system involving identification cards af-

AMSTERDAM (R) - Dutch soc- ter it was widely ignored by fans and chibs last week.

Fevenoord were fielding newlysigned Hungarian international Jozef Kiprich for the first time in a hid to improve their disastrous start to the season. They have taken only one point from three

Coach Pim Verbeek, who joined Feyenoord only two weeks ago, said he would probably resign. 'T'm 90 per cent certain that I will quit. This is unacceptable," he told Dutch television. The events in Rotterdam over-

shadowed the first appearance of the season of champions PSV Eindhoven, who earned a hardfought 4-3 win at Willem II with newly-signed Danish striker Flemming Povisen and Dutch star Wim Kieft each scoring twice.

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1989

YOUR HOROSCOPE

by Thomas Piersoit, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Birthday greetings to our Virgo friends. The sun enters the sign of The Bull at 6:46 p.m. (CDST). With the sun and moon in Earth, the emphasis is on productivity, growth and steadfastness.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19 Don't give in to lazy moods today. It is not a good time to slack off when superiors are watching your TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)

just when an assertive attitude will bring results. Don't underestimate your potential - it's there! GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)
You may want to believe that others are seeking your attention. Recognize your own self-worth and

be more optimistic.
MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Be less demanding. Do more than talk about your objectives —

porsue them, and share your ideas with others.

LEO Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) You may feel unimhibited today and not bound by tradition. When life is exciting, you will want to live every minute of it.

VIRGO (Ang. 22 to Sept. 22) An

active mind means you are not bor-

56

87

DOWN

THE Daily Crossword by Louis Sentrey

ing. Everything seems to have meaning to you today. Strong physical desires need moderation.' LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Make contact with those who will respond warmly. Helping others to acquire self-confidence will increase your

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Find an escape hatch that will eliminate tedious routines. Perform plastic surgery on your credit cards and eliminate some. AGITTAKIUS (Nov.

ZI) It may be necessary to deal with someone who has an arrogant, know-it-all attitude. Open lin communication with a loved one. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Focus on purpose and ultimate goals. When life is happy and tran-quil, it is easier to see the future and

relate to people.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Your snap decisions are very often uncanny. Find useful activities that satisfy your restless mind and eager disposition.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You

are aware of other people's motives, but have difficulty in tolerating emotional weakness. Be more open with your opinions.

Moroccan maestro keeps on clock-busting

Aouita breaks 3,000m record

COLOGNE, West Germany (AP) - Said Aouita of Morocco broke one of the longest-surviving track and field world records, clocking seven minutes, 29.45 seconds to better Henry Rono's 11-year-old men's 3.000-metre mark at the Weltklasse meet

Rono, the famed Kenyan, posted the old, manually-timed mark of 7:32.1 in Oslo, Norway, on June 27, 1978.

"It was the hardest of all world record to get," said Aouita. He also holds world record in the 5,000, 2,000 and 1,500, as well as a world best in the rarely-run two mile event.

"I wanted another world record. Three days ago, when I registered for the event, I knew I was going to win and to set a world record," Aouita said.

Aonita was on world record pace early in the race on a hot

The Moroccan ace took over the lead with two laps to go, when

Muharrag

beat Arabi

in scenes

of uproar

at GCC cup

Cola-GCC club competition.

joined in the brawl.

men off the pitch.

team play-off series.

Abdu Faza Abbas.

Emirates.

Kenya dropped out. Yobes Ondieki of Kenya tried to follow Aouita, but the Moroccan powered home and broke one of the most coveted world records in a tremendous finish, running alone the last lap at a blistering

"Every year I have gotten closer and closer to it (the record), but when I was younger I wasn't so worried because I had time. Now I'm getting older," said Aouita, who is 29.

"I like the track here. It's very fast, and the pace makers did a great job," he said. Aouita ran 7:32.23 at the same

meet three years ago. That had been the second fastest of all time pace-maker Charles Cheruiyot of until Sunday.

second longest-held individual mark after Bob Beamon's 1968 long jump record of 8.90 metres. Rono's 1978 3,000-metre stee-

plechase mark was bettered by fellow Kenyan Peter Koech in Stockholm on July 3. Koech ran 8:04.35, just inside Rono's old record of 8:04.4, also manually

In other events, Rodion Gataulin of the Soviet Union narrowly failed to smash countryman Sergei Bubka's world pole vault record of 6.06 metres. In his third attempt at 6.07,

Gataulin appeared to have the necessary height but brought down the bar with his chest in his Silvia Costa of Cuba cleared

2.03 metres in the women's high jump, the best outdoor performance of the year.

Butch Reynolds of the United States, the world record holder, won the 400 with the second fastest time of the year, 44.30.

Rono's 3,000 record was the In the men's 1,500, Kipkoech Cheruiyot of Kenya beat world champion Abdi Bile and Olympic champion Peter Rono of Kenya.

Cheruiyot, twin brother of Charles, clocked 3:53.58. Bile was second in 3:35.62, while Rono, no relation to Henry, was third in 3:36.19. Olympic champion Paul Ereng

blasted home with an overwhelming finish in the 800, winning with a time of 1:44.01, Jose Barbosa of Brazil was second in 1:44.45. Tom McKean of Britain was third in 1:44.39, and British veteran Sebastian Coe was fourth at

Roger Kingdom, the two-time Olympic champion and world record holder since Wednesday. scored another victory in the 110metre burdles with a relatively slow time of 13.20.

Other American winners included Andre Cason in the men's 100 with a time of 10.19 and Larry Myricks in the long jump at

Graf tops \$1m for '89

MAHWAH (R)— World number one Steffi Graf successfully defended her title at the Jersey classic tennis tournament Sunday and moved beyond the one million dollar earnings mark for the third consecutive year. The West German Wimbledon

champion earned \$40,000 for defeating Hungary's Andrea

Temesvari 7-5, 6-2 to push her 1989 winnings to 1,019,905 dol-

Both Graf and Temesvari were playing their second match of the day with only about an hour break after winning semifinals postponed by rain, Saturday. Neither showed ill effects from the extra work.

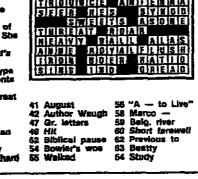
Graf, who had dropped a total of just six games in her previous four matches, was pushed for the first time this week in the opening

set by Temesvari's big serve. The set swung Graf's way on a single service break when the 56th-ranked Temesvari double faulted at break point in the 11th

A STIFF UPPER LIP'S ABOUT THE ONLY THING I EVER GET TO KEEP







Peanuts

to be played in October.



Mutt'n' Jeff



Andy Capp







which sank Sunday after being rammed by a sand barge. (Left) A blanket-wrapped survivor from the Marchioness. 27 known dead in

Thames boat disaster LONDON (R) - Divers searched the wreck of a Thames pleasure cruiser for more bodies Monday and police said they still feared up to 60 party revellers drowned when a dredger sank the

A body recovered from the river about 24 hours after the dredger ploughed into the cruiser in the heart of London brought the number of known dead to 27.

But police said they believed many more young people could be trapped inside the hull of the pleasure boat Marchioness, lying in shallow water after being salvaged from the middle of the

Divers concentrated on two flooded sections close to the boat's dance floor where many bodies were found Sunday.

Police estimate that up to 150 people may have been on the 90-ton Marchioness for a night birthday party cruise when it sank. But its owners believe only 110 were on board.

The number of known survivors rose to 84 Monday. Police said three had gone home after reaching the riverbank near others were among those taken to

Other revellers, most of them in their 20s, could have been swept away by the fast-flowing tide or trapped in the superstructure when the 1,475-ton dredger Bowbelle struck.

The blue and white vessel was upright and appeared largely intact, despite the crushing blow that sent it to the bottom of the river within a minute.

"It would appear that what happened was that the boat didn't split in two but simply rolled over," salvage worker Dick Sothen told Sky Channel News as he surveyed the Marchioness upright on the Thames mud.
"Once it rolled over, they (the

passengers) would have lost all orientation," he added. The Bowbelle's captain and

second mate, arrested Sunday and questioned after tests for alcohol, were released in the evening. Police would not say whether there would be any action against them.

Survivors said the Marchioness was spun round by the force of

Southwark bridge and three the initial impact. The dredger then ran over the top of the boat, ripping off the upper deck.
"It's like a tank running over a

mini," said Ken Dwan, director of Tidal Cruises which owned the pleasure boat.

Police Commander John Purnell said late Sunday: "I would like to think we have found most of the bodies but we do not know how many could be found in the river over the next week or so."

Police were examining taperecorded radio messages to river navigators for clues into the cause of the tragedy.

The Independent, a London daily, reported there was apparently a disagreement between the captains of the Marchioness and the dredger over which vessel should pass first ready for under the bridge's central span.

veteran boatman as saying the permanent The newspaper also quoted a Bowbeile rammed another Thames passenger boat five years ago and nearly sank it. The Thames is one of the world's busiest commercial rivers, used by more than 32,000 vessels each



Colombian presidential candidate Luis Carlos Galan who was assassinated Friday. On right is a briefcase machine gun seized by Bogota

police last week. The weapon can be fired from inside the briefcase by squeezing a trigger on the case's handle.

Colombia on anti-drug push

BOGOTA (R) - Colombian troops and police, using new powers to fight the country's cocaine traffickers, have raided and occupied properties owned by drug leaders, the Defence Ministry said Sunday.

A ministry statement said that in an operation which began Friday, soldiers raided the main rural estate of reputed Medellin drug cartel chief Pablo Escobar. farms belonging to the Ochoa trafficking family and around the city of Medellin and farms belonging to "the Mexican" Gonzalo Rodriguez Gacha, near

Defence Ministry spokesman Col. Eduardo Arevalo, asked whether the properties raided had been confiscated under one of the emergency decrees announced Friday by President Virgilio Barco, said "Yes."

Barco, responding to the assassination of presidential candidate

drug-backed gunmen at an out-door political rally Friday night, declared that security forces could hold suspects for up to seven days, seize their assets and extradite them if they were wanted abroad.

The raid at Escobar's Hacienda Napoles, about three hours' drive from Medellin, garnered the greatest number of goods, according to the ministry. It listed the seizure of six vehicles, four boats, one buildozer, a satellite dish, 3,000 gallons of petrol, 2,000 head of cattle and 100 pigs.

It said the estate had been occupied by troops and 52 people were being held there. The concrete entrance to the vast estate was also pictured as having a small mounted airplane, reputed to have flown Escobar's first load of cocaine.

The ministry did not say how the properties were taken over or Luis Carlos Galan suspected whether there had been any resistance to the raids and occupa

In the three-day operation in four of the country's 22 states, troops and police raided 505 properties and detained 10,450 people, the ministry stated. The security forces also seized 157 vehicles, 622 weapons and four

tonnes of coca paste. These results represent the effort of the armed forces ...to achieve the government's aim of eliminating the phenomenon of drug trafficking which has caused such harm in the country," the statement signed by Defence

Minister Oscar Botero said. The Medellin Cartel and a rival one from the city of Cali are believed by U.S. officials to control up to 80 per cent of the cocaine smuggled into the United

No Cartel leaders have been arrested since early 1987, contributing to the public impression that they act with impunity.

Strikes plague Poland

WARSAW (Agencies) — Solidarity officials said Monday a strike wave across Poland was reeling out of control even though the free trade union is on the verge of breaking the Communist Party's hold on

transport workers staged protests envoys to other mines to try and Monday to press wage claims to compensate for huge food price increases imposed by the communist authorities Aug. 1.

The Communist Party expressed concern Sunday, saying the situation had "sharpened dangerously." But the strikes are also ringing alarm bells for Solidarity, the independent union created after national strikes in 1980.

Solidarity adviser Tadeusz Mazowiecki has been designated the next prime minister, but he and union chairman Lech Walesa are uncertain of controlling the

Solidarity officials say young

Savimbi

ceasefire

about the peace process.

efire agreement.

Gbadolite, Zaire.

tinued.

Friday.

RABAT (AP) - UNITA leader

Jonas Savimbi has said he is ready

to sign a permanent ceasefire with the Angolan government, adding that he was "optimistic"

Savimbi, at a news conference

Sunday after meeting Moroccan

King Hassan II, said he sent

instructions to rebel negotiators

in Kinshasa, Zaire, to proceed with signing of a permanent ceas-

Angolan President Jose Edu-

ardo dos Santos and Savimbi

called a short-lived truce, sealed

with a handshake June 22 at a

summit of African leaders in

Both sides have since accused

the other of truce violations

which have become more numer-

ous in recent weeks as sporadic

talks peace negotiations con-

On Sunday, the Portuguese news agency Lusa reported that a 13-man

government negotiating team had returned to Luanda from Zaire

on Friday after waiting two days

The negotiating team repre-senting the (UNITA) National

Union for the Total Independ-

ence of Angola arrived later

Despite the recent reports of

large-scale clashes, Savimbi told

reporters he was optimistic a

permanent ceasefire could be

signed ending the civil war. Savimbi said he was "open to all concessions," which he de-

fined as "wanting to participate in

"But the process is compli-

ated, complex because the war

lasted 14 years and left 200,000

dead and 1.5 million displaced.

The war is too hard," Savimbi

United Nations representatives

in Luanda estimate the war has

displaced about 675,000 people

and no independent estimates ex-

ist on the number of people killed

the peace process.

in the conflict.

for the rebels to appear.

Coal miners and power and go back to work and have sent persuade more men to down

"We are afraid the strikes may spread, although the idea is supported by only a small number of radical miners," Adam Kowalczyk, a Solidarity leader in Jastrzebie, told Reuters.
"The regional Solidarity com-

mittee takes no responsibility for the strikes, which are pointless and unnecessary in the current political and economic situation,' he said. Strikes were underway Mon-

day at the Morcinek and Marcel pits in the Katowice region. Solidarity officials feared a stoppage radicals leading pit strikes in the at the nearby Grodziec mine. southwestern region of Katowice. Power workers who supply fuel to refuse to listen to their appeals to the Katowice steelworks also

HARARE (R) — African lead-

ers and liberation movements ex-

pressed doubts Monday about the

South African government's in-tentions on ending apartheid and called for a tough and cautious

Opening speakers at a meeting in Harare of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) ad-hoc

committee on southern Africa

took a hard line in the debate on

when and on what terms there

should be negotiations with South

Africa's white government.

Zimbabwean President Robert

Mugabe said the people of South Africa were ready to talk directly

to the government. "They and the people of free Africa must,

however, be convinced that the

regime is serious about wanting

World pressure for a negoti-

ated solution has grown following

pledges by South African leaders

Egyptian President Hosni

Mubarak, on his first foreign mis-

sion as OAU chairman, said Afri-

ca rejected any attempts by Pre-

toria to deceive the world about

"The regime must remain iso-

Mubarak repeated OAU de-

lated and rejected for as long as it

remains intransigent," he said.

to negotiate," he added.

to dismantle apartheid.

ending apartheid.

attitude in any negotiations.

stopped work. Workers who feed brown coal to Poland's biggest electric power station at Belchatow, about 150 kilometres southwest of Warsaw. downed tools for one hour. Transport workers protested in Kielce, a city south of Warsaw.

"Citizens are getting over more tired and bitter over the prolonged state of economic and political instability," the Communist Party's policy-making Central Committee said in a resolution.

The mirest flared after the Communist authorities imposed price rises of up to 500 zlotis in some areas by lifting subsidies on most types of food. Poles complain about shortages and queues. Inflation is close to 200

Mazowiecki plans some austerity measures to try to solve the pressing economic problems, but he risks alienating the workers who have long been Solidarity's

Africa takes tough stance

on apartheid negotiations

and the lifting of a ban on politic-

manded by the African National

Congress (ANC), the main guer-

rilla movement fighting white

rule in South Africa, for it to

OAU in its search for a common

position on negotiations is a con-

tinuing dispute between the Lusa-

ka-based ANC, the main South

African liberation movement,

and the smaller Tanzania-based

Pan-Africanist Congress (PAC).

Mothopeng told the meeting there could be no negotiations

with the government at this stage. He attacked what he called

interference by international powers. Both the United States

and the Soviet Union have said

they favour a negotiated solution

how we should conduct our struggle, please do not try to twist our arm," Mothopeng said.

'Unbanning' rally

Meanwhile in South Africa

members of the United Democra-

tic Front (UDF) and seven other

emergency in South Africa, for furled their illegal banners at St. nisations "unbanned."

"Please do not dictate to us

in South Africa.

PAC President Zephaniah

But one problem hindering the

engage in negotiations.

These are pre-conditions de-

the release of political prisoners George's Cathedral and declared

The prospect of angering workers in Silesia, the heart of the coal strikes; is especially alarming.

The area produces most of Poland's coal, its main source of foreign currency needed to pay its \$39-billion debt, and is a tradi-tional union stronghold.

Mazowiecki told Solidarity's newspaper Gazeta Wyborcza Monday that the living standards of the poor would be defended but sacrifices were required.

"If we have to make a choice between efficiency and the interests which the union upholds, then we will refer to public opinion. But if sacrifices are necessary, then people must accept them," Mazowiecki saio.

"It will be very important to hold people back while Solidarity tries to introduce an economic reform programme which will have considerable privations and hardships for the majority of the Polish population," said George Kolankiewicz, a Polish specialist at Britain's University of Essex.

they would operate openly again.

smond Tutu led a multi-racial

congregation of 2,500 in chant-

ing, "no to apartheid, no to injus-

tice, no to oppression and no to

racism," at the church service

that replaced a rally police had

banned at the mixed-race mi-

Declarations of "unbanning,"

which were made in Johannes-

burg, are part of a national de-

fiance campaign. They were

made Sunday to coincide with the

sixth anniversary of the UDF's,

700-group anti-apartheid coali-

tion. The protests also are a

challenge the government in the weeks before the Sept. 6 elec-tions, which exclude the black

Organisers in Cape Town

obtained a last-minute supreme

court injunction barring police from interfering with cathedral

But a similar raily in Johannes-

burg, also banned, was thwarted when police blockaded the main

entrances to the all-white uni-

versity of the Witwatersrand.

About 200 protesters slipped through and held a rally addres-

sed by spokesmen who refused to

identify themselves but declared

versity of the Western-Cape.

Anglican Archbishop De-

with fish, water

ALAMEDA, California (AP) -A Florida couple who said their pleasure boat was sunk by whales off Costa Rica survived 66 days at sea by eating raw fish and drinking purified water, a U.S. coast guard spokesman said Sunday William Butler, 60, and Simone Butler, 52, of Miami, were "weak but recovering" at hospital in Golfito, Costa Rica, after being rescued by a Costa Rican coas guard ship Saturday afternoon, said U.S. Coast Guard Chief Pet ty Officer Egbert Vallecillo. William Butler told Coast Guard officials their 12-metre pleasure boat was attacked and sunk by "several" whales on June 15 about 1,900 kilometres southwest of Costa Rica. "They were large, according to Mr. Butler," Vallecillo said. "But he didn't know how many whales." As the boat was sinking, the couple grabbed fishing rods and a salt-water purifier and got into a rubber lifeboat, where they remained for the next two months, Vallecillo

China's leaders

PEKING (R) - China frail and ageing leaders will have no problaimed the founding of the Peo-ple's Republic on Oct. 1, 1949.

Deng personality cult reaches new heights continue his ambitious program-

By Guy Dinmore

PEKING — The personality cult surrounding China's senior leader Deng Xiaoping reached a new pitch Monday with all major official newspapers publishing glow-ing tributes on the eve of his 85th birthday.

Foreign diplomats said the articles were reminiscent — although on a much smaller scale - of the god-like status of Mao Tsetung in his declining years and could reflect an continuing power struggle in the Chinese leadership.

Newspapers announced the publication of a new volume of Deng's speeches and articles written between 1938 and 1965.

"This selection still has a guiding significance today," headlined the Communist Party newspaper People's Daily above a front-page picture of Deng gesturing in an armchair.

The praise seemed intended to place Deng in the pantheon of Communist greats.

During his revolutionary career spanning seven decades, the People's Daily said, Deng had combined the ideas of Kari Marx and Lenin with China's actual situation and developed Mao's

Deng's last public appearance was June 9 when amid rumours he was dead or dying, he appeared on state television leading a meeting of military com-manders five days after the army crushed the student-led democracy movement in Tiananmen Square.

Diplomats believe Deng is following his annual custom of spending the hot summer months in the coastal town of Beidaihe. The front-page picture, published in all major newspapers, was reportedly taken July 2. They did not say where.

People's Daily also splashed three pictures of Deng as a younger man, two in uniform in the 1930s or 40s during China's war of resistance against Japan's

occupying army.

"They are building up the personality cult. It's a bit of a mystery why as Deng was always against this," a Western diplomat commented.

"It could indicate he is seriously ill and that this is part of the next round of the power strughe added.

Deng's plans to hand over power peacefully to a younger generation of leaders who would me of economic reforms first came unstuck in the winter of 1986 when students demonstrated for democratic freedoms.

Party hardliners succeeded in ousting reformist leader and Deng's protege Hu Yaobang in-January, 1987. Hu's successor Zhao Ziyang met the same fate last June after another wave of student protests which drew mass popular support.

Diplomats said the power struggle could be concentrating on who would succeed Deng as chairman of the party's powerful central military commission, his remaining post which control the armed forces.

Zhao's successor as party leader, Jiang Zemin, should in theory get the job, diplomats said, but it seemed that hardline President Yang Shangkun, who has powerful military connections through his family, has aspirations to the

"When Deng dies Yang might try to grasp that," the Western diplomat commented.

Officially sponsored adulation of Deng has intensified since the June military crackdown which cost hundreds, possibly thousands of lives.

The last flyby: Voyager II closes in on far away Neptune

Voyager II flies past Neptune this for the critical period. week for its dazzling last picture show—the final photo opportunity during the spacecraft's four-launch from Florida Aug. 20, planet, seven-billion-kilometre 1977.

јошпеу. "We've getting close, every-thing is working extremely well and we're all excited," said Norm Havnes, Voyager project manager at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL) of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

where about 170 scientists from spacecraft. Future probes will

PASADENA, California (AP) — around the world are assembling

Coincidentally, Sunday was the 12th anniversary of Voyager II's

The researchers will share ultimate exhilaration as front-row observers for humanity's first close-up look at the solar system's fourth-largest planet, a bluegreen ball nearly four times Earth's diameter.

But their excitement is tinged "The surf is definitely up here with nostalgia because Voyager's at JPL," joked Franklin o'Don- Neptune encounter will be the nell, a spokesman for the lab last planetary flyby for a U.S.

orbit their target planets: Magellan at Venus. Galileo at Jupiter and the Mars Observer.

And with no one planning a mission to Pluto, Neptune is the last unexplored planet that will be visited by a spacecraft from Earth in the foreseeable future.

'It's almost like being on a ship of Discovery like Marco Polo, Magellan and Columbus," said Jurrie van der Woude, a JPL spokesman. "For most of us, this is the last picture show, the last foreign shores we visit in the solar system.

Only a few days and a few million kilometres remain until 0359 GMT Friday, when Voyager

makes its closest approach to Neptune by skirting 4,830 kilometres above the planet's cloudtops - much closer than its encounters with Jupiter in 1979, Saturn in 1981 and Uranus in

As of 9 a.m. local time (1600 GMT) Monday, Voyager II will be 4.414 billion kilometres from Earth and 5.167 billion kilometres from Neptune, approaching the planet at 60,089 kilometres per hour. Since it was iaunched in 1977, Voyager II has travelled a curving path tot-

by mission planning manager Charles Kohlhase and his staff. alling 7.08 billion kilometres. With a final course correction quickly that NASA will conduct

Monday morning, NASA engineers will put Voyager II on its precise trajectory for the Nep-

Sending Voyager to Neptune was like "sinking a 2,260-mile (3,640 kilometre) golf putt, assuming the golfer can make a few illegal fine adjustments while the ball is rolling across this incredibly long green," says "the Voyager Neptune Travel Guide"

Up to 8,000 photographs from Voyager's two television cameras and discoveries by 10 other science experiments will pour in so

daily news conferences starting Monday and continuing through By late last week, Voyager had

already revealed some of Neptune's secrets, including: — "Four previously unknown moons, in addition to Nereid and

backward-robitting Triton, which were discovered from Earth. Voyager is likely to discover more moons. Clouds and other weather

features, including 4,345kilometre wide bands similar to jet streams on Earth, and a Jupiter's great red spot.

- Two partial rings of debris. called ring arcs, that are much different from the complete rings that encircle Saturn and Uranus.

Scientists say there may be 50 or more ring arcs orbiting Neptune.

A inagnetic field surround ing Neptune, suggesting the planet also may have auroras like Earth's northern lights and may be enveloped by orbiting radiation belts similar to Earth's Van Allen belts.

The Neptune encounter is the climax of the \$865-million, twinspacecraft Voyager mission, 13,035-by-6,600-kilometre dark which also saw Voyager I explore spot, probably a huge storm like Jupiter in 1979 and Saturn in

in death MANILA (AP) - Evangeline Guico said her marriage wows Sunday, then sprinkled holy water over her fiance as he lay in casket. Miss Guico, 21, who is two months pregnant, was to have wed 21-year-old Marion Manalac on Sept. 26 after a threeyear courtship. But on Tuesday, Manalac was found shot to death by an unknown assailant in Manila suburb. Manalac's father Police Major Alfonso Manalac decided to go ahead with the unusual ceremony, which took place at the family residence. A minister of the Aglipayan church a Philippine denomination that

broke with Roman Catholicism

agreed to officiate after the Ro-

man Catholic church refused to

sanction the "marriage." Marlon

"loves Vangie very much, and we

want to pursue his promise wherever he may be right now," Alfonso Manalac told reporters.

Faithful even

2 months at sea

get a lift

lems viewing national day celebrations from the ntal Gate of Heavenr Peace in October - foreign engineers are installing two lifts to the top. Working day and night to meet a mid-September deadline, contractors said they have engaged idle martial law troops to help construction. The giant Vermilion Gate guards the southern entrance to the imperial Forbidden City and overlooks Tiananmen Square where troops and tanks crushed student-led demonstrations for democracy in June. It was from the gate's upper gallery that Mao Tsetting proc-

Right answers for 'wrong' numbers

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) - A plague of crossed lines is sweeping the Brazilian capital Brasilia. but some of the country's top people are fighting back with humour. The weekly magazine Veja reported that a leading candidate in November's presidential election Fernando Collo de Mello is so used to unwelcome calls on his private line, he answers: "Federal police, can l help you." General Ivan de Souza Mendes, head of the military intelligence service SNI answers all callers on his secre line: "Sao Joao Greengrocers can I help you." The problem of having only 316,000 lines for 1.8 million residents has a sinister

Global weather (major world cities):

	Ċ	*	·c	Ŧ	West
STEPIDAM		61			Close
ENS	24	75	3.5		Clebr
FRAIN	30	-86	40		Cheese
KSKOK	27	81			Clear
ENOS AIRES	07	44			Rain
RO	24		35		Class
CAGO	20				Cloud
ENHAGEN	18	64			Ceer
NICFLET					Con
ÆVA	14	57	31	RR	Člari.
MIS ECANY	25	77	99	60	Clear
WBUL	21	20	~		Clear
UUN	17	83	. 35	77	Char
ANGELES	17	æ	34	70	Cloud
	iR.	ã	-34	.03	Charles Charles
A-A	322	92	AE.	440	Chart
VIREAL	18	<u>.</u>	20	70	Davis
COW	10	<u></u>	~	40	Clear
PLEC!	. 20	49.	- CU	~	C
YORK	10	44	720	30	Cinut
	10	ě	- ED	80	Char
6	`an	~	32	de.	Cient
NI-Y	~~	-	48.	~~	84
YO	26	77	30	.00	Child
NA	10	20	20	60. EA.	Clear
				-	-

